JUDGES.

THE STRUCTURE OF THE BOOK AS A WHOLE.

(Alternation and Introversion.)

 $\mathbf{A} \mid \mathbf{C} \mid$ 1. 1-2. 5. ISRAEL AND OTHER PEOPLES. AGGRESSIONS.

D | 2. 6-8. 35. GOVERNMENT.

B | 9. 1-57. INTERNAL DISORDERS.

 $\boldsymbol{A} \mid \boldsymbol{D}$ | 10. 1–16. 31. GOVERNMENT.

C | 17. 1-18. 31. ISRAEL AND OTHER PEOPLES. AGGRESSIONS.

B | 19. 1-21. 25. INTERNAL DISORDERS.

THE

BOOK OF JUDGES.

A a c (p. 325) 1434 1 °Now after the death of °Joshua it came to pass, that the °children of Israel °asked °the LORD, saying, °" Who shall go up for us against the Canaanites first, to fight against them?"

2 And 1 the LORD said, "Judah shall go up behold, I have delivered the land into his

hand.'

3 And Judah said unto Simeon his brother, "Come up with me into my lot, that we may fight against the Canaanites; and 3 likewise will go with thee into thy lot." So Simeon went with him.

4 And Judah went up; and 'the LORD delivered the Canaanites and the Perizzites into their hand: and they slew of them in Bezek

ten thousand omen.

5 And they found °Adoni-bezek in Bezek: and they fought against him, and they slew the Canaanites and the Perizzites.

6 But Adoni-bezek fled; and they pursued after him, and caught him, and °cut off his

thumbs and his great toes.

7 And Adoni-bezek said, "Threescore and ten kings, having their thumbs and their great toes cut off, 'gathered their meat under my table: 'as I have done, so 'God hath requited me." And they brought him to Jerusalem, and there he died.

8 Now the 'children of Judah had fought against 'Jerusalem, and had 'taken it, and smitten it with the edge of the sword, and set

the city on fire.

9 And afterward the 'children of Judah went down to fight against the Canaanites, that dwelt in the 'mountain, and in the 'south, and in the 'valley.

10 And Judah went against the Canaanites that dwelt in Hebron: (° now the name of ° Hebron before was ° Kirjath-arba:) and they slew ° Sheshai, and Ahiman, and Talmai.

11 And from thence he went against the inhabitants of Debir: and the name of Debir before was Kirjath-sepher:

12 And Caleb said, "He that smitch Kirjathsepher, and taketh it, to him will I give Achsah my daughter to wife."

13 And Othniel the son of Kenaz, Caleb's younger brother, took it: and he gave him Achsah his daughter to wife.

TITLE, Judges. The Heb. name is Shōphetīm = rulers; from verb to put right and then rule. Not Judges, as modern English. For origin and description of name, cp. 2. 7-19. In Sept. = kritai; Latin, Liber Judicum. The office peculiar to Israel. The book records the history of thirteen Judges (twelve called of God and one a usurper), whose names by Gematria make a multiple of eight and thirteen (see Ap. 10); six "evil" doings (see note on 2. 11); six oppressors and oppressions (see note on 2. 14); and six deliverances (see note on 2. 16).

1. 1—2. 5 (C, p. 323). CONQUESTS. ISRAEL AND OTHER NATIONS. (Alternation.)

C | A | 1. 1-20. By the tribe of Judah.

B | 1. 21. Unexpelled inhabitants.

A | 1. 22-26. By the house of Joseph.

B | 1. 27-2. 5. Unexpelled inhabitants.

1-20 (A, above). BY THE TRIBE OF JUDAH. (Alternations.)

A a c | 1-4. Judah. d | 5-8. Conquest. Jerusalem. b | e | 9. Judah. f | 10. Conquest. Hebron. a | c | 11. Judah. d | 12-16. Conquest. Debir. b | e | 17. Judah. f | 18-20. Conquest. Hebron.

1 Now = And. Commencing with the same word as the preceding books; thus connecting them all together. The book of Joshua = the inheritance possessed: Judges = the inheritance despised. Records the failure of the People, and the faithfulness of Jehovah. The Epilogue (21.26) gives the key to the whole book. See note on 17.6.

Joshua. Cp. Josh. 24. 29. children = sons. asked = enquired: i. e. by Urim and Thummim, as in 18. 5; 20. 18. See note on Ex. 28. 30. Num. 26. 55.

the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II.

Who...? All had been commanded. Deut. 20. 17. Josh. 10. 40.

2 behold. Fig. Asterismos (Ap. 6). Some codices, with three early printed editions, read "and behold".

4 men. Heb. 'ish. Ap. 14. II.

5 Adoni-bezek = Lord of Bezek. Bezek was seventeen miles south of Shechem. Cp. 1 Sam. 11, 8. Cp. Josh. 15, 13-19.

6 cut off. As he had done to others. See v. 7.

7 gathered. i.e. [the pieces]. as = according as.

God. Heb. Elohim. Ap. 4. I.

8 Jerusalem. The first occurrence is in Josh. 10. 1, in connection with Adoni-zedek's fear of its being "utterly destroyed" like Ai. Here, in v. 8, we have a picture of its future history in miniature. See Ap. 53. The Tel-el-Amarna tablets contain a long correspondence with Egypt about 1400 B.C.

taken it. The citadel not taken till 2 Sam. 5. 6-9,

by David.

9 mountain = hill country. south. Heb. Negeb. the Fig. Parenthesis (Ap. 6), and cp. with v. 17.

Kirjath-arba. Cp. Gen. 23. 2. Josh. 14. 15; 20. 7.

11 Debir . . . Kirjath-sepher. See note on Josh. 11. 21 and 15. 49.

Sheshai. These are sons of Anak. Cp. v. 20. here; and 3. 9-11. Josh. 15. 17; and 1 Chron. 4.13.

14 And it came to pass, when she came o to him, that she moved him to ask of her father ° a field: and she lighted from off her ass; and Caleb said unto her, ° "What wilt thou?"

15 And she said unto him, "Give me a blessing: for thou hast given me a south land; give me also springs of water." And Caleb gave her the upper springs and the nether

springs.

16 And the 1 children of the 6 Kenite, Moses' father in law, went up out of the city of ° palm trees with the 'children of Judah into the wilderness of Judah, which *lieth* in the south of Arad; and they went and dwelt among othe People.

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17 And Judah went with Simeon his brother, and they slew the Canaanites that inhabited Zephath, and utterly odestroyed it. (And the name of the city was called 'Hormah.)

18 Also Judah otook Gaza with the ocoast thereof, and Askelon with the ° coast thereof, and Ekron with the ° coast thereof.

19 And 1 the LORD was with Judah; and ° he drave out the inhabitants of the omountain; but could not drive out the inhabitants of the ° valley, because they had ° chariots of iron.

20 And they gave Hebron unto Caleb, ° as Moses said: and he expelled thence the $^{\circ}$ three sons of Anak.

21 And the 1 children of Benjamin odid not \mathbf{B} drive out the Jebusites that inhabited Jerusalem; but the Jebusites dwell with the children of Benjamin in Jerusalem unto this day.

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22 And the house of Joseph, they also went up against Beth-el: and the LORD was with them.

23 And the house of Joseph sent to descry Beth-el.

(Now the name of the city before was ° Luz.)

24 And the °spies saw a man come forth out h of the city, and they said unto him,

"Shew us, we pray thee, the entrance into the city, and we will shew thee mercy.'

25 And when he shewed them the entrance into the city, they smote the city with the edge of the sword; but they let go the man and all his family.

26 And the man went into the land of the $^{\circ}$ Hittites, and built a city, and called the name thereof Luz: which is the name thereof unto this day.

C1 ln

m p

27 ° Neither did Manasseh ° drive out the inhabitants of Beth-shean and her towns, onor Taanach and her towns, nor the inhabitants of Dor and her towns, nor the inhabitants of Ibleam and her towns, nor the inhabitants of Megiddo and her towns: but the Canaanites would dwell in that land.

28 And it came to pass, when Israel was strong, that they put the Canaanites to tribute, and did not utterly drive them out.

29 27 Neither did Ephraim 27 drive out the nor of Ahlab, nor of Achzib Canaanites that °dwelt in Gezer; but the nor of Aphik, nor of Rehob: Canaanites ° dwelt in Gezer among them.

14 to him. Supply Fig. Ellipsis with "home". a = the.

What wilt thou? or, What aileth thee? Josh. 15. 18, 19.

16 Kenite. A non-Israelite race (Gen. 15. 19. Num. 24, 21, &c. 1 Sam. 27, 10; 30, 29). See Saul's correspondence with them (1 Sam. 15. 6). One branch in the north (4.11).

palm trees: i. e. Jericho, 3. 13. Deut. 34. 3.

the People: i. e. Israel. 17 destroyed = devoted.

Hormah = utter destruction.

18 took Gaza, &c. These were wholly or partially retaken by the enemy, cp. 14, 19; 16. 1. 1 Sam. 5. 10. Perhaps this accounts for the Sept. reading, "Judah too did not inherit".

coast = border.

19 he drave out=he possessed. (Omit italics.) mountain = hill country. valley = lowlands. chariots of iron. Cp. 4. 3.

20 as = according as. Cp. Num. 14. 24. Josh. 14. 13; 15. 13. three sons of Anak. See their names in v. 10 and Ap. 23 and 25.

21 did not drive out. Cp. Josh. 15. 63; 18. 28. 2 Sam. 5. 6-10.

22-26 (A, p. 325). BY THE HOUSE OF JOSEPH. (Introversion and Alternation.)

 $A \mid g \mid i \mid 12, 23$. Beth-el besieged. k | -23. Name explained. h | 24-. Spies. Mission. h | -24. Spies. Action. $g \mid i \mid 25$. Beth-el taken. $k \mid 26$. Name explained.

23 Luz. Cp. Gen. 28. 19, and see Josh. 16. 1, 2. Luz and Beth-el not two cities.

24 spies = sentries.

26 Hittites. A nation north of Syria, mentioned on Egyptian inscriptions from 1500 B. C.

1. 27-2. 5 (B, p. 325). UNEXPELLED IN-HABITANTS. (Division.)

 C^1 | 1. 17-36. Non-expulsion. The sin. C^2 | 2. 1-5. Non-expulsion. The punishment. \boldsymbol{B}

27-36 (C1, above). NON-EXPULSION. SIN. (Introversion and Alternation.)

C1 | 1 | n | 27. Manasseh. o 28. Made them tributaries. m | p | 29, 30-. Ephraim and Zebulun. q | -30. Made them tributaries. $m \mid p \mid 31-33$. Asher and Naphtali. $l \mid n \mid 34, 35$. Made them tributaries. o | -35, 36. Made them tributaries.

27 Neither...nor. Note the Fig. Paradiastolė (Ap. 6) in vv. 29-33. Emphasising the unfaithfulness and disobedience, the cause of all subsequent trouble.

drive out = possess.
29 dwelt: i.e. in friendly relations. Ps. 133. 1. 2 Kings 4. 13. See note on 1 Kings 9. 16, 17.

32 dwelt among = dwelt in the inside, as in the heart or bowels of the Canaanites; vv. 27-30 are very different.

30 Neither did Zebulun 27 drive out the inhabitants of Kitron, nor the inhabitants of Nahalol:

but the Canaanites dwelt among them, and q became tributaries.

31 Neither did Asher 27 drive out the inhabitants of Accho, nor the inhabitants of Zidon, nor of Ahlab, nor of Achzib, nor of Helbah,

32 But the Asherites odwelt among the

Canaanites, the inhabitants of the land: for they did not drive them out.

33 Neither did Naphtali 27 drive out the inhabitants of Beth-shemesh, nor the inhabitants of Beth-anath; but he 32 dwelt among the Canaanites, the inhabitants of the land:

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ln

nevertheless the inhabitants of Beth-shemesh and of Beth-anath became tributaries unto them.

34 And the Amorites forced the 1 children of Dan into the mountain: for they would not suffer them to come down to the valley:

35 But the Amorites would dwell in mount Heres in Aijalon, and in Shaalbim:

yet the ° hand of the house of Joseph prevailed, so that they became tributaries.

36 And the °coast of the Amorites was from the going up to Akrabbim, from the rock, and upward.

 C^2 r (p. 327) 1434

to

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2 And °an ° Angel of ° the LORD came up from Gilgal to ° Bochim, and said, "I made non to go up out of Egypt, and have brought you unto the land which I sware unto your fathers; and 'I said, 'I will never break My covenant with you.

2 And ° ne shall make no league with the inhabitants of this land; ° ye shall throw down their altars:' but ye have not obeyed My voice: "why have ye done this?

3 Wherefore I also said, 'I will not drive them S out from before you; but they shall be as thorns in your sides, and their gods shall be a snare unto you.' "

4 And it came to pass, when the Angel of the LORD spake these words unto all the ° children of Israel, that the people lifted up their voice, and wept.

5 And they called the name of that place ¹ Bochim: and they sacrificed there unto ¹ the LORD.

6 And when Joshua had °let the People go, the 'children of Israel went every °man unto D1 t his inheritance to possess the land.

7 And the People served 1 the LORD all the days of Joshua, and all the days of the elders that outlived Joshua, "who had seen all the great "works of "the LORD, that He did for

8 And Joshua the son of Nun, the servant of the LORD, died, being an hundred and ten 1434 years old.

9 And they buried him in the border of his inheritance in ° Timnath-heres, in the °mount of Ephraim, on the north side of the hill

10 And also all that generation were gathered unto their fathers:

and there arose another generation after them, which oknew not the LORD, nor yet the works which He had done for Israel.

D2 E1 v 11 And the 'children of Israel did 'evil in the sight of 1the LORD, and served Baalim:

35 hand. Fig. Metonymy (of Cause), Ap. 6, by which the hand is put for the power exerted by it.

36 coast = border or boundary.

2. 1-5 (C², p. 326). NON-EXPULSION. PUNISH-MENT. (Alternation.)

r 1, 2. Expostulation. Cause. Disobedience. s | 3. Threatening. r 4. Expostulation. Effect. Weeping. 8 5. Worship.

Chapter 2 gives a summary of events from 3. 1—16. 31. The period it covers is therefore 1434-1100, i. e. 334 years. 1 an Angel = the Angel or Captain of Jehovah's host, Who had appeared to Joshua in Gilgal. Josh. 5. 13-15 the Lord. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II.
Bochim = weepers. I said. Cp. Gen. 17. 7.

2 ye shall make no league. Cp. Ex. 23, 32. Deut. 7. 2, 5, &c.

ye shall throw down. Cp. Ex. 34. 12, 13. Deut. 12. 3. why...? Fig. Erotēsis (Âp. 6). Or, "what [is] this [that] ye have done?"

3 be as thorns in your sides. Some codices read "be adversaries to you". Cp. Num. 33. 55. Josh. 23. 13. 4 children = sons.

2. 6-8. 32 (**p**, p. 323). GOVERNMENT. (Division.)

D $\mid D^1 \mid 2$. 6-10. Antecedent. 2. 11-8. 32. Subsequent.

2. 6-10 (D¹, above). ANTECEDENT. (Alternation.)

D1 | t | 6. Joshua's life. u | 7. Predecessors. Knowledge. Obedience. t | 8-10-. Joshua's death. u | -10. Successors. Ignorance. Disobedience.

6 let the People go. Cp. Josh. 24. 28-31.

man. Heb. ish. Ap. 14. II.
7 who. Some codices, with two early printed editions, Syr., and Vulg., read "and who". $\mathbf{works} = \mathbf{work}.$

9 Timnath-heres. Some codices, with Syr. and Vulg., read "Timnath-serah". Cp. Josh. 19. 50; 24. 30. mount = hill country.

10 knew not. Fig. Metonymy (of Cause). Ap. 6. Put for obeyed not or cared not for.

2. 11-8. 32 (D², above). SUBSEQUENT. (Division.)

D² | E¹ | 2. 11-3. 4. The People and their Apostasies. E² | 3. 5-8, : 2. The oppressors and Deliverers.

2. 11-3.4 (E¹, above). THE PEOPLE AND THEIR APOSTASIES. (Extended Alternation.)

v | 2. 11-13. Evil committed. w | 2. 14-. Anger of Jehovah.

x | 2.-14, 15. Punishment. Sold to enemies. $v \mid 2$, 16-19. Evil repeated.

w | 2. 20-. Anger of Jehovah.

x | 2. -20-3. 4. Punishment. Proved by enemies.

11 evil = the evil. Heb. $r\bar{a}'\bar{a}'$. See Ap. 44. viii. Six "evil" doings recorded in this book (Ap. 10): 3. 7, 12; 4. 1; 6. 1; 10. 6; 13. 1.

12 forsook. Religion is not a gradual evolution to what is higher, but a declension to what is lower. Sce note on Josh. 24. 14.

God. Heb. Elohim. Ap. 4. I. people = peoples.

provoked 1 the LORD to anger.

12 And they °forsook 1the LORD °God of their fathers, Which brought them out of the land of Egypt, and followed other gods, of the gods of the people that were round about them, and bowed themselves unto them, and

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13 And they 12 forsook 1 the LORD, and served Baal and Ashtaroth.

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14 And the anger of 1 the LORD was hot against Israel,

and He delivered them into the hands of ° spoilers that spoiled them, and He sold them into the hands of their enemies round about, so that they could not any longer stand before their enemies.

15 Whithersoever they went out, the hand of the LORD was against them for evil, as the LORD had said, and ° as 1 the LORD had sworn unto them: and they were greatly distressed.

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16 Nevertheless 1 the LORD raised up 9 judges, which of delivered them out of the hand of those that spoiled them.

17 And yet they would not hearken unto their judges, but they went a whoring after other gods, and bowed themselves unto them: they turned quickly out of the way which their fathers walked in, obeying the commandments of 1 the LORD; but they did not so.

18 And when 1 the LORD raised them up yjudges,

then 1 the LORD was with the judge, and 16 delivered them out of the hand of their enemies ° all the days of the judge: for it repented 1 the LORD because of their groanings by reason of them that oppressed them and vexed them.

19 And it came to pass, ° when the judge was dead, that they returned, and corrupted themselves more than their fathers, in following other gods to serve them, and to bow down unto them; they ceased not from their own doings, nor from their stubborn way.

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20 And the anger of 1 the LORD was hot against Israel; and He said,

"Because that this 'people hath' transgressed My covenant which I commanded their fathers, $x b^1$ (p. 328)

and have not hearkened unto My voice; 21 3 also will not henceforth drive out any from before them of the nations which Joshua left when he died:

22 That through them I may prove Israel, whether they will keep the way of 1 the LORD to walk otherein, as their fathers did keep it, or not."

23 Therefore 1 the LORD left those nations, without odriving them out hastily; neither delivered He them into the hand of Joshua.

1434

1431

 \mathbf{c}^{1}

Now these are the nations which othe 3 Now these are the harrows by them, even LORD left, to prove Israel by them, even as many of Israel as had not known all the wars of Canaan;

2 Only that the generations of the °children of Israel might know, to teach them war, at the least such as before knew nothing thereof;

3 Namely, ° five lords of the Philistines, and all the Canaanites, and the Sidonians, and the Hivites that dwelt in mount Lebanon, from mount Baal-hermon unto the entering in of Hamath.

13 Ashtaroth. The special evil of Canaanite nations. Name derived from the Ashērah (see Ap. 42). The Ashērah was idolatry of the most revolting form of immorality under the guise of religion. All virtue surrendered. The "going a whoring" is more than a figure of speech. See Ex. 34. 13. Deut. 7. 5; 12. 3; 16. 21. Note all the occurrences of Ashtārōth: Deut. 1. 4. Josh. 9. 10; 12.4; 13. 12, 31. Judg. 2. 13; 10. 6. 1 Sam. 7. 3, 4; 12. 10; 31. 10.

14 spoilers . . . enemies. Six oppressors and servitudes named: Judg. 3. 8, 12; 4. 2; $\hat{6}$. 1; 10. 7; 13. 1. 15 evil. Heb. $r\bar{a}^c\bar{a}^c$. Ap. 44. viii.

as = according as. Cp. Lev. 26. Deut. 28.

16-19 (v, p. 327). EVIL REPEATED. (Extended Alternation.)

y | 16-. Judges raised up. z | -16. Deliverance. a | 17. Apostasy. $y \mid 18$. Judges raised up. z | -18. Deliverance. a | 19. Apostasy.

16 judges. This word gives the name to the book = one who put right what was wrong; hence, a ruler. delivered = saved. Six deliverances: 3.9, 15; 4.23; 8. 28; 11. 33; 16. 30.

18 all the days, &c. This raises the question as to Deborah's call. See note on 4. 4.

19 when. Cp. 3.12.

2. 20—3. 4 (x, p. 327). PUNISHMENT. PROVING. (Repeated Alternation.)

b1 | 2. -20, 21. Non-expulsion. c1 | 2. 22. Trial. b² | 2. 23. Non-expulsion. c² | 3. 1, 2. Trial. b³ | 3. 3. Non-expulsion. c3 | 3. 4. Trial.

20 people = nation.

transgressed. Heb. 'ābar. Ap. 44. vii.
22 therein. A special various reading called Sevīr (Ap. 34), with some codices, Sept., and Vulg., read "in it": i. e. in Jehovah's way.

23 driving them out = dispossessing.

3. 1 the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II.

2 children = sons.

3 five lords. See note on Josh. 13. 2-6. entering in = pass.

3. 5-8. 32 (E², p. 327). OPPRESSORS AND DELIVERERS. (Introversion.)

E² | F | 3. 5-11. Chushan-rishathaim. (Othniel.) G | 3. 12-30. Eglon. (Ehud.) H | 3. 31. Shamgar. (Philistines.) G | 4.1-5.31. Jabin. (Barak.) F | 6. 1-8. 35. Midian. (Gideon.)

3. 5-11 (F, above). CHUSHAN-RISHATHAIM, AND OTHNIEL. (Extended Alternation.)

d | 5-7. Evil committed. e | 8-. Oppressor. (Chushan-rishathaim.) f | -8. Servitude. Eight years. d | 9-. Evil repented of. e | -9, 10. Deliverer. (Othniel.) f 11. Rest. Forty years.

5 dwelt among. Not the Canaanites dwelling in Israel, but Israel dwelling among the Canaanites, who were to be exterminated. Ex. 3. 8, 17; 23. 23-28. Deut. 7. 1-5.

know whether they would hearken unto the commandments of i the LORD, which He commanded their fathers by the hand of Moses.

5 And the ² children of Israel ^o dwelt among the Canaanites, Hittites, and Amorites, and 4 And they were to prove Israel by them, to Perizzites, and Hivites, and Jebusites:

E2 F d

d

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h

6 And they otook their daughters to be their wives, and gave their daughters to their sons, and served their gods.

7 And the 2 children of Israel did evil in the sight of 1 the LORD, and forgat 1 the LORD their ° God, and served Baalim and ° the groves.

8 Therefore the anger of 1 the LORD was hot against Israel, (p. 328)

and He ° sold them into the hand of Chushan-rishathaim king of Mesopotamia: and the 1431 ² children of Israel served Chushan-rishathaim eight years. 1423

> 9 And when the 2 children of Israel cried unto ¹ the LORD,

> 1 the LORD raised up a ° deliverer to the 2 children of Israel, who odelivered them, even oothniel the son of Kenaz, Caleb's younger brother.

10 And othe Spirit of 1 the LORD came upon him, and he judged Israel, and went out to war: and 1 the LORD delivered Chushan-rishathaim king of Mesopotamia into his hand; and his hand prevailed against Chushan-rishathaim.

11 And the land 'had rest forty years. And Othniel the son of Kenaz died.

12 And the ² children of Israel did ⁷ evil again in the sight of 1 the LORD:

and 1 the LORD strengthened Egion the king of Moab against Israel, because they had done evil in the sight of 1 the LORD.

13 And he gathered unto him the 2 children of Ammon and ° Amalek, and went and smote Israel, and possessed the city of ° palm trees.

14 So the 2 children of Israel served Eglon the king of Moab eighteen years. 1383 to

> 15 But when the ² children of Israel cried unto 1 the LORD,

> 1 the LORD raised them up a 9 deliverer, Ehud the son of Gera, a Benjamite, a man lefthanded:

and by him the 2 children of Israel sent a present $j^1 k^1 l$ unto Eglon the king of Moab.

> 16 But Ehud made him a dagger which had two edges, of a "cubit length; and he did gird it under his raiment upon his right thigh.

> 17 And he brought the opresent unto Eglon king of Moab: and Eglon was a very fat °man. 18 And when he had made an end to ° offer the present, he sent away the people that bare the $\bar{1}^7$ present.

19 But he himself turned again from the °quarries °that were by Gilgal, and said, "I have a secret °errand unto thee, O king:" who said, "Keep silence." And all that stood k^2 n by him went out from him.

20 And Ehud came unto him; and he was sitting in a ° summer parlour, which he had for himself alone. And Ehud said, "I have a "message from "God unto thee." And he arose out of his 'seat.

21 And Ehud put forth ° his left hand, and took the dagger from his right thigh, and thrust it into his belly:

and the fat closed upon the blade, so that he and locked them.

6 took their daughters, contrary to Jehovah's

express command. Ex. 34.16, Deut. 7.3.
7 evil. Heb. "the evil"; i.e. the special evil (idolatry) which had been forbidden as such. See Ap. 44. viii. God. Heb. Elohim. Ap. 4. I.

the groves = Asherim. Ap. 42. See note on Ex. 34. 13. 8 sold. Cp. 2. 14. 490 years since Abraham left Mesopotamia. See Ap. 50. IV.

9 deliverer = saviour.

delivered = saved. Cp. Luke 1. 68-70.

Othniel. Cp. Josh. 15. 16, 17.

10 the Spirit of the LORD. Of Jehovah, Ap. 4. II, not Elohim. The spirit (Heb. rūach, Ap. 9) of Jehovah bestowing gifts rather than power or might (Gen. 1. 2). Cp. Isa. 11. 2; 61. 1.

11 had rest. Repeated four times: 3. 11, 30; 5. 31; 8. 20, to prevent the periods of rest and servitude being "telescoped". See Ap. 50. I, Introduction.

12-30 (G, p. 328). EGLON. (EHUD.) (Extended Alternation.)

g | 12-. Evil committed. h | -12, 13. Oppressor. (Eglon.) i | 14. Servitude. Eighteen years. $g \mid 15$. Evil repented of. h | -15-30-. Deliverer. (Ehud.) $i \mid -30.$ Rest. Eighty years.

13 Amalek. See note on Ex. 17, 16. palm trees. Cp. Deut. 34. 3.

-15-30 (h, above). DELIVERER. (EHUD.) (Division.)

1-15-26. Assassination of Eglon. j² 27-30. Slaughter of Moabites.

-15-26 (j¹, above). ASSASSINATION OF EGLON. (Division and Introversion.)

 $j^1 \mid k^1 \mid 1 \mid -15$. Present sent. m | 16. Dagger prepared. l | 17, 18. Present brought. n 19, 20. Interview sought. o | 21, 22. Dagger used. $n \mid 23-26$. Interview ended.

16 cubit. Occurs only here = a cut. Sept. spithamē, a dirk, about 9 inches long.

17 present = admittance-offering. Heb. korban. Ap. 43, II. i.

man. Heb. 'īsh. Ap. 14.

18 offer = bring near. Heb. kārab. Ap. 43. I. i.

19 quarries=graven images. So Sept., Vulg., and Targum, here and v. 26. Heb. pegilim. Deut. 7. 5, 25; 12. 3. 2 Kings 17. 41. Ps. 78. 53, &c.

that were by Gilgal. Heb. the same [as] at Gilgal. errand. Heb. word. See note on "message", v. 20.
20 summer parlour. Cooling room. Occurs only

here and v. 24. message = word; put by Fig. Metonymy (of Subject) for what is meant by it : here it is the "errand" of v. 19. God = Elohim. Ap. 4. I. The Creator to the creature;

not Jehovah (the Covenant God) to His servant. seat = throne.

21 his left hand. Note the seven weak things in this book, illustrating 1 Cor. 1. 27. 2 Cor. 12. 9: left hand (3. 21); ox goad (3. 31); a woman (4. 4); a nail (4. 21); piece of a millstone (9.53); pitcher and trumpet (7.20); jawbone of an ass (15. 16). So in later times. Luther (a miner's son), Calvin (a cooper's son), Zwingle (a shepherd's son), Melancthon (an armourer's son), John Knox (a plain burgess's son).

22 haft = handle. Heb. nizzab, occurs only here.

could not draw the dagger out of his belly; and the dirt came out.

23 Then Ehud went forth through the porch, 22 And the ° haft also went in after the blade; and shut the doors of the 20 parlour upon him,

24 When he was gone out, his servants came; and when they saw that, behold, the doors of the parlour were locked, they said, Surely he covereth his feet in his summer chamber.

25 And they tarried till they were ashamed: and, 24 behold, he opened not the doors of the parlour; therefore they took °a key, and opened them: and, 24 behold, their lord was fallen down dead on the earth.

26 And Ehud escaped while they tarried, and ° passed ° beyond the ° quarries, and escaped

unto Seirath.

27 And it came to pass, when he was come, that he blew a trumpet in the mountain of Ephraim, and the 2children of Israel went down with him from othe mount, and he before them. 28 And he said unto them, "Follow after me: for 1 the LORD hath delivered your enemies the Moabites into your hand." And they went down after him, and took the fords of Jordan toward Moab, and suffered not a "man to pass over.

29 And they slew of Moab at that time about ten thousand 28 men, all lusty, and all 28 men of valour; and there escaped not a 28 man.

30 So Moab was subdued that day under the hand of Israel.

And the land 11 had rest fourscore ° years.

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31 And after him was "Shamgar the son of Anath, which slew of the Philistines six hundred men with oan ox goad: and he also delivered Israel.

 $G J^1 p$ (p. 330)

And the ° children of Israel again did ° evil 4 in the sight of othe LORD, when Ehud was dead.

2 And 1 the LORD sold them into the hand of Jabin king of Canaan, that reigned in Hazor; the captain of whose host was Sisera, ° which dwelt in Harosheth of the Gentiles.

3 And the 1 children of Israel cried unto 1 the LORD: for he had nine hundred chariots of iron;

and "twenty years he mightily oppressed the 1 children of Israel.

1285 to $J^2 K$

4 And Deborah, °a prophetess, the wife of Lapidoth, °éhe judged Israel °at that time.

5 And éhe °dwelt under the palm tree of Deborah between Ramah and Beth-el in mount Ephraim: and the 1 children of Israel came up to her for judgment.

6 And she sent and called Barak the son of $\mathbf{L} \mathbf{M}$ Abinoam out of Kedesh-naphtali, and said unto him, ""Hath not 1 the LORD God of Israel commanded, saying, 'Go and draw toward mount Tabor, and take with thee ten thousand °men of the 1 children of Naphtali and of the 1 children of Zebulun?

7 And I will draw unto thee to the °river Kishon Sisera, the captain of Jabin's army, with his chariots and his multitude;

and I will deliver him into thine 'hand.'"

8 And Barak said unto her, "If thou wilt go with me, then I will go: but if thou wilt not go with me, then I will not go."

24 behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. covereth his feet. Fig. Euphemism for act performed while stooping, and causing feet to be covered.

25 a key = the key.

26 passed = he passed.

beyond = by.

quarries = the graven images of Ehud. Cp. v. 19. 27 the mount = the hill country.

28 man. Heb. 'ish. Ap. 14. II.
30 years. The Sept. adds "until he died".

31 Shamgar. Cp. 5. 6-8.

an ox goad. See note on 3. 21. No weapons. Cp 5. 8. 1 Sam. 13. 19-22.

4. 1-5. 31 (G, p. 329). JABIN. (DEBORAH.) (Division,)

 $G \mid J^1 \mid$ 4. 1-3. Oppression by Jabin. J2 | 4. 4-5. 31. Deliverance by Barak.

1-3 (J1, above). OPPRESSION BY JABIN. (Alternation.)

 $J^1 \mid p \mid 1$. Evil wrought. q | 2. Oppression. $p \mid$ 3-. Evil repented of. $q \mid -3$. Oppression.

1 children = sons.

evil=the evil: i. e. idolatry. See Ap. 44. viii. the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4.

2 Jabin. Another king. Cp. Josh. 11. 1-10. $\mathbf{which} = \mathbf{and} \ \mathfrak{he}.$

3 twenty years. A long time to wait for deliverance.

4. 4-5. 31 (J^2 , above). DELIVERANCE BY DEBORAH. (Alternation.)

J² | K | 4, 4, 5. Deliverer raised up. L | 4, 6-24. Deliverance. K | 5, 1-31-. Deliverers' song. L | 5. -31. Rest.

4 a prophetess. Not therefore a "judge" in the strict sense of the title. Like Miriam, Ex. 15. 20; Huldah, 2 Kings 22. 14. Cp. her prophecy in vv. 7, 9.

she. Some codices, with two early printed editions, read "and she". Note the two women connected with Barak, Deborah and Jael, vv. 17-21. See note on v. 17, and cp. 5. 7, 11, 24, 30.

at that time. Yet Israel was "mightily oppressed", contrary to 2. 18. The words "she judged" state a fact: but do they imply a Divine appointment to the office? She was "a prophetess", but was she "a judge" in the proper sense of the word?

5 dwelt = sat [as judge]: near where her namesake, Rebekah's nurse, died. Gen. 35. s.

> 6-24 (L, above). DELIVERANCE. (Introversion and Extended Alternation.)

L M | 6. Command given by Jehovah.

N | r | 7-. Place of battle. s | -7. Victory promised.

t | 8, 9. Instruments. Barakandawoman. $N \mid r \mid$ 10-13. Place of battle.

8 | 14-16. Victory. Promise fulfilled. t | 17-22. Instruments. Barak and a woman.

M | 23, 24. Victory given by Jehovah.

6 Hath not ...? Fig. Erotēsis. Ap. 6.

God. Heb. Elohim. Ap. 4. men. Heb. 'īsh or 'ĕnōsh. Ap. 14.

7 river Kishon. Cp. Ps. 83. 9, 10. hand. Some codices, with two early printed editions, Sept., and Syr., read "hands".

9 And she said, "I will surely go with thee: notwithstanding the journey that thou takest shall not be for thine honour; for the LORD shall sell Sisera into the hand of a woman."

And Deborah arose, and went with Barak to Kedesh.

 $N \gamma$ (p. 330)

10 And Barak ° called Zebulun and Naphtali to Kedesh; and he went up with ten thousand 6 men at his feet: and Deborah went up with him.

11 Now Heber the Kenite, which was of the children of o Hobab the father in law of Moses. had severed himself from the Kenites, and pitched his tent ounto the plain of Zaanaim, which is by Kedesh.

12 And they shewed Sisera that Barak the son of Abinoam was gone up to mount Tabor.

13 And Sisera °gathered together all his chariots, even nine hundred chariots of iron, and all the people that were with him, from Harosheth of the Gentiles unto the river of Kishon.

14 And Deborah said unto Barak, "Up; for this is the day in which 1 the LORD hath delivered Sisera into thine hand: "is not 1 the LORD gone out before thee?" So Barak went down from mount Tabor, and ten thousand men after him,

15 And othe LORD discomfited Sisera, and all his chariots, and all his host, with the edge of the sword before Barak; so that Sisera lighted down off his chariot, and fled away on his feet.

16 But Barak pursued after the chariots, and after the host, unto Harosheth of the Gentiles: and all the host of Sisera fell oupon the edge of the sword; and there was onot a man left.

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17 Howbeit Sisera fled away on his feet to ° the tent of Jael the wife of Heber the °Kenite: for there was peace between Jabin the king of Hazor and the house of Heber the Kenite.

18 And Jael went out to meet Sisera, and said unto him, "Turn in, my lord, turn in to me; fear not.

And when he had turned in unto her into the tent, she covered him with a ° mantle.

19 And he said unto her, "Give me, I pray thee, a little water to drink; for I am thirsty. And she opened a 'bottle of 'milk, and gave him drink, and covered him.

20 Again he said unto her, "Stand in the ° door of the tent, and it shall be, when ° any man doth come and enquire of thee, and say, 'Is there 'any man here?' that thou shalt say, ° 'No.'

21 Then Jael Heber's wife took a onail of the tent, and took an hammer in her hand, and went softly unto him, and smote the 'nail into his temples, and fastened it into the ground: for ht was fast asleep and weary. °So he died.

22 And, ° behold, as Barak pursued Sisera,

Jael came out to meet him, and said unto him, "Come, and I will shew thee the man whom

And when he came into her tent, behold, Sisera lay dead, and the 21 nail was in his temples.

23 So God subdued on that day Jabin the king of Canaan before the 1 children of Israel. 24 And the hand of the 1 children of Israel prospered, and prevailed against Jabin the king of Canaan, until they had destroyed Jabin king of Canaan.

10 called: i.e. by proclamation. 11 Hobab. Cp. Num. 10. 29.

unto the plain. Or, at the oak. Josh. 19. 33. 13 gathered: i. e. by proclamation. Cp. v. 10. 14 is not...? Fig. Erotēsis. Ap. 6.

15 the Lord discomfited = Jehovah discomfited. Cp. Ps. 83. 9. The word implies supernatural phenomena. Cp. 5. 20-22. Ex. 14. 24. Josh, 10. 10. 2 Sam. 22. 15. Ps. 18. 15.

16 upon = by.

not a man. Heb. not so much as one.

17-22 (t, p. 330). INSTRUMENT. A WOMAN. (Extended Alternation.)

t | u | 17. Flight of Sisera. v | 18-. Jael meeting Sisera. w | -18-20. Concealment. X 21. Sisera slain. u | 22-. Pursuit by Barak. v | -22-. Jael meeting Barak. w | -22-. Discovery. x | -22. Sisera dead.

17 the tent of Jael. Note, not of Heber: the woman's tent, which itself brought Sisera under the death penalty. But there is nothing to apologise for here. The Author and Giver of life came on Jael as on Ehud, and enabled her to save the daughters of Israel from a fate worse than death. Cp. 5. 7, 11, 24, 30.

Kenite. Cp. v. 11.

18 mantle=rug. Heb. semīkāh occurs only here.

19 bottle = skin.

milk. Rendered "butter" in 5. 25; probably = buttermilk, much used in the East.

20 door = entrance.

any man. Heb. 'īsh. Ap. 14. II.

No = there is not.

21 nail of the tent = a tent peg. Constantly tents are taken down and put up by the women to the present day.

So he died. The first of ten recorded deaths at the hands of women: Sisera (Judg. 4. 21); Abimelech (Judg. 9, 53, 2 Sam. 11, 21); Sheba (2 Sam. 20, 22); the harlot's child (1 Kings 3. 19); prophets (1 Kings 18. 4); Naboth (1 Kings 21. 9, 10); a son by his mother (2 Kings 6. 29); seed royal (2 Kings 11. 1. 2 Chron. 22. 10); Haman's sons (Est. 9. 13, 14); John Baptist (Matt. 14. 8).

22 behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6.
24 prospered. Fig. Polyptōton. Ap. 6. Heb. going on went on. R.V. = prevailed more and more.

5. 1-31- (K, p. 330). THE DELIVERERS' SONG. (Introversions.)

O | 1, 2-. Praise to Jehovah. Avenging of Israel. P | y | -2, 3. Israel. People's voluntary service. z | 4-8. Contrasted states of the country |y| 9. Israel. Leaders' voluntary service. Q | 10, 11. Contrasted states of the country. Q | 12-18. Contrasted conduct of tribes. P | a | 19-22. Enemy. Battle and defeat. b | 23-27. Contrasted succour for Israel. a | 28-30. Enemy. Presumption and defeat. O | 31-. Praise to Jehovah. Avenging of Israel.

1 Then sang. No singing till after victory. Cp. Ex. 15. 1. Only weeping before. Cp. 2. 4 with Ex. 2 23, 24. See note on Ex. 15. 1 for the ten songs. 2 the Lord. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II.

Then sang Deborah and Barak the son KO of Abinoam on that day, saying,

2 "Praise ye "the LORD for the avenging of Israel.

When the People willingly offered them- | Py

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w

(p.331)

¥

O c

(p. 332)

3 Hear, O ye kings; give ear, O ye princes; °J, even J, will sing unto 2 the LORD; I will sing praise to 2 the LORD ° God of Israel.

4 ² LORD, ° when Thou wentest out of Seir, When Thou marchedst out of the field of Edom,

The earth trembled, and the heavens o'dropped,

The clouds also odropped water.

5 The mountains melted from before the LORD,

Even that Sinai from before 2 the LORD 3 God of Israel.

6 In the days of Shamgar the son of Anath, In the days of Jael, the highways were unoccupied,

And the travellers walked through byways.

7 °The inhabitants of the villages °ceased, they °ceased in Israel,

Until that 'I Deborah arose, That 'I arose a mother in Israel.

8 They chose onew gods; Then was war in the gates: Was there a shield or spear seen Among forty thousand in Israel?

9 My heart ° is toward the governors of Israel,
That offered themselves willingly among

That offered themselves willingly among the People.

Bless ye 2 the LORD.

10 Speak, ye that ride on white asses, Ye that sit in judgment,

And walk by the way.

11 °They that are delivered from the noise of

archersin° the places of drawing water, There shall they rehearse the righteous acts of 2 the LORD,

Even the righteous acts toward ⁷ the inhabitants of his villages in Israel:

Then shall the People of 2 the LORD go down to the gates.

12 Awake, awake, Deborah:

°Awake, awake, utter a song: Arise, Barak, and °lead thy captivity cap-

tive, thou son of Abinoam.

13 'Then He made him that remaineth have dominion over the nobles among the people:

² The LORD made me have dominion over the mighty.

14 Out of Ephraim ° was there ° a root of them against Amalek;

After thee, Benjamin, among thy people; Out of Machir came down governors, And out of Zebulun they that 'handle the 'pen of the 'writer.

15 ° And the princes of Issachar were with Deborah:

^o Even Issachar, and also Barak:

°He was sent on foot into the valley.

For the divisions of Reuben
There were great thoughts of heart.
16 Why abodest thou among the sheepfolds,
To hear the bleatings of the flocks?

3 I, even I. Fig. Epizeuxis. Ap. 6. God. Heb. Elohim. Ap. 4. I.

4 when. Cp. Ex. 19. 18. dropped = dripped.

5 The mountains melted = from the mountains flowed down streams.

6 Shamgar. Cp. 3. 31.

the highways, &c. = the highways were closed.
7 The inhabitants. Why not supply the Fig. Ellipsis (Ap. 6) by the words "the women", considering the objects of Jabin's oppression? see notes on 4. 4, 17; 5. 7, 11, 24, 30.

ceased = ceased [to be]. Same word as "unoccupied" in v. 6.

I arose. Fig. Epizeuxis. Ap. 6.

8 new gods. Cp. Deut. 32. 16. Was there...? Fig. Erotēsis. Ap. 6.

9 is toward. Supply "saith to", instead of "is". The next clause gives the words spoken.

11 the places of drawing water: i.e. where the women were to be found. See notes on 4. 4, 17; 5. 7, 30. Cp. Gen. 24. 11. Ex. 2. 15-19.

Translate v. 11 thus:—
Instead of the shouting of the archers among the wells.

There they laud the righteous acts of Jehovah, The righteous acts of His rule over Israel. Then the People of Jehovah hastened to the gates,

12-18 (Q, p. 331). CONTRASTED CONDUCT OF TRIBES. (Introversion.)

 $Q \mid c \mid 12-15-$. Warriors. d | -15-17. Absentees. c | 18. Warriors.

12 Awake, awake. Fig. Epizeuxis. Ap. 6. lead thy captivity captive = lead thy captives captive; "captivity" put by Fig. Metonymy (of Subject) for the persons made captive = lead captive thy captive train.

13 Some codices and Sept. divide the two lines thus:—
Then came down a remnant of the nobles,
And the People of Jehovah [came down] with me

against the mighty ones.

14 was there. Supply Fig. Ellipsis thus: "came down", from vv. 13 and 15.

a root, &c. = whose root was in Amalek. Cp. 12. 16. Or, according to Sept., "they who rooted them out in Amalek."

handle = draw, in the sense of numbering, enrolling, or mustering, as in 4. 6.

pen=rod (used in numbering). Lev. 27. 32. Ezek. 20. 37. Nowhere else rendered pen.

writer = numberer. Heb. sāphar, translated scribe. Cp. 2 Kings 25. 19. 2 Chron. 26. 11.

15 And = But. Even = Yea. He was sent, &c. = into the valley they rushed at his feet. For = among.

16 Why...? Fig. Erotēsis. Ap. 6.

17 breaches = creeks or bays.

18 lives = souls. Heb. nephesh. See Ap. 13.

19 gain = plunder.

15 For the divisions of ReubenThere were great searchings of heart.7 Gilead abode beyond Jordan:

17 Gilead abode beyond Jordan:
And 16 why did Dan remain in ships?
Asher continued on the sea shore,
And abode in his ° breaches.

18 Zebulun and Naphtali were a people that c jeoparded their 'lives unto the death in the high places of the field.

19 The kings came and fought, Then fought the kings of Canaan In Taanach by the waters of Megiddo; They took no ° gain of money.

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6. 8.

b e

f

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20 They fought from heaven; The stars in their courses ofought against Sisera.

21 The °river of °Kishon °swept them away, That ancient river, the river Kishon.

O my 'soul, thou hast trodden down strength.

22 Then were the horsehoofs broken By the means of ° the pransings, the pransings of their mighty ones.

23 'Curse ye Meroz,' said the Angel of 2 the LORD,

'Curse ye bitterly the inhabitants thereof;

Because they came not to the help of 2 the LORD,

To the help of 2 the LORD against the mighty.

24 ° Blessed above women shall Jael The wife of Heber the Kenite be, Blessed shall she be above women in the tent.

25 He asked water, and she gave him milk; She brought forth obutter in a lordly dish.

26 She put her hand to the nail,

And her right hand to the workmen's hammer;

And with the hammer she smote Sisera, she smote off his head,

When she had pierced and stricken through his temples.

27 ° At her feet ° he bowed, he fell, he lay down:

At her feet ° he bowed, he fell: Where he bowed, there he fell down odead.

28 ° The mother of Sisera looked out at ° a window, and cried through the lattice,

'Why is his chariot so long in coming? Why tarry the wheels of his chariots?'

29 Her wise ladies answered her,

Yea, the "returned answer to herself, 30 "Have they not "sped? "have they not divided the prey; ° To every ° man a ° damsel or two;

To Sisera a prey of divers colours, A prey of divers colours of needlework, Of divers colours of needlework on both sides,

Meet for the necks of them that take the °spoil?'

31 ° So let all Thine enemies perish, O 2 LORD: But let them that love Him be as the sun when he goeth forth in his might."

And the land ohad rest forty years.

And the ° children of Israel did ° evil in the O sight of othe LORD:

and othe LORD delivered them into the hand of Midian

seven years.

2 And the hand of Midian prevailed against Israel: and because of the Midianites the ¹children of Israel made them the dens which are in the mountains, and caves, ° and strong holds.

3 And so it was, when Israel had sown, that

20 fought. Fig. Prosopopæia. Ap. 6. Cp. Josh. 10. 11. 21 river = torrent.

Kishon. Rising in Mount Tabor and running into the Mediterranean near Mount Carmel.

swept. Swollen by the heavy rains (v. 4). soul. Heb. nephesh. Ap. 13.

22 the pransings. Fig. Epizeuxis. Ap. 6.

23-27 (b, p. 331). CONTRASTED SUCCOUR FOR ISRAEL. (Alternation.)

b | e | 23-. Curse. f | -23. Reason. e 24. Blessing. f | 25-27. Reason.

24 Blessed above women. Cp. Luke 1. 28 "among". See notes on 4. 4, 17; 5. 7, 11, 30.

25 butter. See note on 4, 19.

27 At her feet. Note the Fig. Asyndeton. Ap. 6. he bowed, he fell. Fig. Epibolē. Ap. 6. dead = destroyed.

28 The mother. A woman active on each side, with other women involved (v. 30).

30 Have . . .? Fig. Erotēsis. Ap. 6.

sped = found; i. e. the damsels they were fighting for: and while doing so they were defeated by a woman.

To every man = to every head of a man; "head" put

by Fig. Synecdoche (of the Part), Ap. 6, for the whole person.

man. Heb. geber (Ap. 14. IV) = a strong man.

damsel. Heb. womb. Put by Fig. Synecdoche (of the Part) for the whole person, to emphasise the motive underneath. This was the one object of Jabin's oppression. See notes on 4. 4, 17; 5. 7, 11, 24.

spoil. Fig. Aposiopesis. Ap. 6. 31 So. Fig. Epiphonēma. Ap. 6. had rest. See note on 3. 11.

6. 1—8. 35 (F, p. 328). MIDIAN. (GIDEON.) (Division.)

 $F \mid \mathbb{R}^1 \mid 6, 1-10$. Midian. R² 6. 11—8. 35. Gideon.

6. 1-10 (R¹, above). MIDIAN. (Introversion.)

g | 1-. The evil wrought. h | -1-. The oppressor.
i | -1. Servitude (seven years) $h \mid 2-6-$. The oppression. $g \mid -6-10$. The evil repented of.

1 children = sons. evil. Heb. rā'a'. Ap. 44. viii.

the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II.

5 grasshoppers = locusts. 2 and = the. 8 a prophet. Heb. "a man ('īsh, Ap. 14. II) a prophet ".

the Midianites came up, and the Amalekites, and the 1 children of the east, even they came up against them;

4 And they encamped against them, and destroyed the increase of the earth, till thou come unto Gaza, and left no sustenance for Israel, neither sheep, nor ox, nor ass.

5 For they came up with their cattle and their tents, and they came as 'grasshoppers for multitude; for both they and their camels were without number: and they entered into the land to destroy it.

6 And Israel was greatly impoverished because of the Midianites;

and the ¹children of Israel cried unto ¹the g

7 And it came to pass, when the 1 children of Israel cried unto the LORD because of the Midianites,

8 That 1 the LORD sent ° a prophet unto the

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 $F \mathbb{R}^1 g$

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¹children of Israel, which said unto them, "'Thus saith ¹the LORD °God of Israel, \Im brought pell up °from Egypt, and brought pell forth out of the house of °bondage;

9 And I delivered non out of the hand of the Egyptians, and out of the hand of all that oppressed you, and drave them out from before you, and gave you their land;

10 And I said unto you, '3 am 1 the LORD your 8 God; fear not the gods of the Amorites, in whose land pe dwell:' but ye have not obeyed My voice.'"

 $\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{S^1} \ \mathbf{j} \ \mathbf{o^1} \\ (\mathbf{p.} \ \mathbf{334}) \end{array}$

11 And there came an Angel of ¹the LORD, and sat under ^o an oak which was in Ophrah, that pertained unto ^o Joash the Abi-ezrite:

p¹ and his son °Gideon threshed wheat °by the winepress, to hide *it* from the Midianites.

o² 12 And the °Angel of ¹the LORD appeared unto him, and said unto him, ¹ "The LORD is with thee, thou ° mighty man of valour."

13 And Gideon said unto Him, "Oh "my Lord, if 1 the LORD be with us, why then is all this befallen us? and where be all His miracles which our fathers told us of, saying, 'Did not 1 the LORD bring us up from Egypt?' but now 1 the LORD hath forsaken us, and delivered us into the hands of the Midianites."

³ 14 And ¹ the LORD looked upon him, and said, "Go in this ^o thy might, and thou shalt save Israel from the hand of the Midianites: have not I sent thee?"

15 And he said unto Him, "Oh "my LORD", wherewith shall I save Israel? "behold, my family is "poor in Manasseh, and 3 am the least in my father's house."

16 And ¹ the LORD said unto him, "Surely ^o I will be with thee, and thou shalt smite the Midianites as one ^o man."

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17 And he said unto Him, "If now I have found grace in Thy sight, then shew me a sign that "Thou talkest with me.

18 Depart not hence, I pray Thee, until I come unto Thee, and bring forth my ° present, and set it before Thee."

And He said, "3 will tarry until thou come again."

19 And Gideon went in, and made ready a 'kid, and 'unleavened cakes of an 'ephah of flour: the flesh he put in 'a basket, and he put the broth in 'a pot, and brought it out unto Him under the oak, and presented it.

20 And the Angel of °God said unto him, "Take the flesh and the unleavened cakes, and lay them upon °this rock, and pour out the broth." And he did so.

21 Then the Angel of 1the LORD put forth the end of the staff that was in His hand, and touched the flesh and the unleavened cakes; and there orose up offire out of the rock, and consumed the flesh and the unleavened cakes. Then the Angel of the LORD departed out of his sight.

22 And when Gideon perceived that \mathfrak{H}_{ϵ} was an Angel of the Lord, Gideon said, "Alas,

God. Heb. Elohim. Ap. 4. I. from Egypt. Some codices, with Sept. and Syr., read "from the land of Egypt". bondage. Heb. bondmen. Fig. Metonymy (of Adjunct). Ap. 6.

6. 11-8. 35 (R², p. 333). GIDEON. (Repeated Alternation.)

6. 11-7. 18 (S¹, above). THE DELIVERER. RAISED UP.

(Extended Alternation, with Introversion.)

6. 11-16 (j, above). ANGEL OF JEHOVAH. MESSAGE, &c. (Repeated Alternation.)

11 an oak = the oak, as being well known. Joash = Jehovah gave.

Gideon = cutter down.

by the winepress = in the winepress. Shows the straits of the people. Cp. vv. 2-6. Threshing-floor exposed, winepress sunk in ground.

exposed, winepress sunk in ground.

12 Angel of the Lord = angel of Jehovah; i.e. the Covenant God "with" His servant (Gideon). Cp. v. 20

angel of Elohim, the Creator working a miracle for His creature.

mighty man. Heb. $gibb\bar{o}r$. Adj. of Ap. 14. IV. 13 my Lord = Adonai. Ap. 4. VIII (2).

14 thy might. His might lay in the knowledge of Jehovah's strength (v. 13) and his own weakness.

15 my LORD*. This is one of the 134 places where the primitive text "Jehovah" has been altered to "Adonai". See Ap. 32.

"Adonai". See Ap. 32.
behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6.
family = thousand (1 Sam. 10. 19).

poor - the meanest.

16 I will be with thee. Cp. Ex. 3. 12. Isa. 7. 14. Matt. 1. 23. man. Heb. ish. Ap. 14. II.

17-24 [For Structure see next page].

17 Thou talkest. Supply Fig. Ellipsis (Ap. 6) thus: "Thou [art Jehovah Who] talkest".

18 present = Heb. minhah. Ap. 43. II. iii.

19 kid = kid of the goats.

unleavened. For offering: quickly made.

ephah. See Ap. 51. III. 3.

a basket = the tray. Heb. sal, always connected with royalty, or sacrifice.

a pot = the pot.

20 God = Elohim. See note on v. 12, above. this = you.

21 rose up fire. This fire was the token of Jehovah's acceptance. See note on "respect", Gen. 4. 4. fire = the fire.

°O Lord °GOD! °for because I have seen an Angel of 1 the LORD face to face.'

23 And 1 the LORD said unto him, "Peace be unto thee; fear not: thou shalt not die.' (p. 335)

24 Then Gideon built an altar there unto 1the LORD, and called it o Jehovah-shalom: unto this day it is yet in Ophrah of the Abiezrites.

(p. 334)

25 And it came to pass the same night, that 1 the LORD said unto him, "Take thy father's young bullock, 'even the second bullock of seven years old, and throw down the altar of Baal that thy father hath, and cut down othe grove that is by it:

26 And build an altar unto the LORD thy God upon the top of this rock, in the ordered place, and take the second bullock, and offer a burnt sacrifice with the wood of the grove

which thou shalt cut down.

27 Then Gideon took ten omen of his servants, and did °as 1 the LORD had said unto him: and so it was, because he feared his father's household, and the men of the city, that he could not do it by day, that he did it by night.

V m

28 And when the men of the city arose early in the morning, 15 behold, the altar of Baal was cast down, and the grove was cut down that was by it, and the second bullock was 26 offered upon the altar that was built.

29 And they said one to another, "Who hath done this thing?" And when they enquired and asked, they said, "Gideon the son of Joash

hath done this thing."

30 Then the men of the city said unto Joash, "Bring out thy son, that he may die: because he hath cast down the altar of Baal, and because he hath cut down 25 the grove that was by it."

31 And Joash said unto all that stood against him, "Will pe plead for Baal? will pe save him? he that will plead for him, let him be put to death whilst it is yet morning: if he be a god, let him plead for himself, because one hath cast down his altar."

32 Therefore on that day he called him Jerubbaal, saying, "Let Baal plead against him, because he hath thrown down his altar.'

33 Then all the Midianites and the Amalekites and the children of the east were gathered together, and went over, and pitched in the valley of Jezreel.

34 But the 'Spirit of the LORD came upon Gideon, and he blew a trumpet; and Abi-ezer was ° gathered after him.

35 And he sent messengers throughout all Manasseh; who also was 34 gathered after him: and he sent messengers unto Asher, and unto Zebulun, and unto Naphtali; and they came up to meet them.

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36 And Gideon said unto °God, "If Thou wilt save Israel by mine hand, 27 as Thou hast said, 37 15 Behold, 3 will put a fleece of wool in the ofloor; and if the dew be on the fleece only, and it be dry upon all the earth beside, then shall I know that Thou wilt save Israel by mine hand, as Thou hast said."

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17-24 (k, p. 834). SIGN. FIRE. (Repeated Alternation.)
    \left[ \begin{array}{c|c} q^1 & 17, 18-. \end{array} \right] Gideon. Request. r^1 & -18. Angel. Compliance.
      q2 | 19. Gideon. Offering.
          r<sup>2</sup> 20, 21. Angel. Acceptance.
      q<sup>3</sup> | 22. Gideon. Fear.
          r<sup>3</sup> | 23. Angel. Assurance.
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q4 | 24. Gideon. Worship.

22 O Lord GoD = O Adonai Jehovah. Ap. 4. II, VIII (2).

for because = for a smuch as.

24 Jehovah-shalom. Jehovah [gives] peace. One of the Jehovah titles. See Ap. 4. II. 25 even, or "and".

the grove = the 'ashērah. See Ex. 34. 13. Ap. 42. 26 rock = strong place.

ordered place, or due order.

offer. See Ap. 43. I. vi.

27 men. Heb. pl. of 'enosh. Ap. 14. III.

as = according as.

32 Jerubbaal = Let Baal plead. 1 Sam. 12. 11. 2 Sam. 11. 21. 34 Spirit = Heb. rūach. See Ap. 9. came upon = clothed (1 Chron. 12. 18. 2 Chron. 24. 20). Heb. labash, to put on so as to fill. gathered: gathered by proclamation.

36-40 (k, p. 334). SIGN. FLEECE. (Alternation.)

 $k \mid s \mid 36, 37$. Request. t | 38. Compliance. 8 | 39. Request. t | 40. Compliance.

36 God. See note on v. 12. 37 floor = threshing-floor.

39 God = hā-'Ĕlohim. The God. Ap. 4. I.

7. 1-11 (l, p. 334). DIRECTION. (Introversion and Repeated Alternation.)

l | u | 1. Gideon. Obedience. v | w¹ | 2, 3-. Jehovah's objection. x1 | -3. Result. w2 | 4. Jehovah's objection. x² | 5, 6. Result. w³ | 7. Jehovah's selection. x³ | 8. Result. $u \mid 9-11$. Gideon. Command.

1 host = camp.

2 the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II.

38 And it was so: for he rose up early on the morrow, and thrust the fleece together, and wringed the dew out of the fleece, a bowl full of water.

39 And Gideon said unto God, "Let not s Thine anger be hot against me, and I will speak but this once: let me prove, I pray Thee, but this once with the fleece; let it now be dry only upon the fleece, and upon all the ground let there be dew."

40 And 8 God did so that night: for it was dry upon the fleece only, and there was dew on all the ground.

Then Jerubbaal, who is Gideon, and all the People that were with him, rose up early, and pitched beside the well of Harod: so that the bost of the Midianites were on the north side of them, by the hill of Moreh, in the valley.

2 And othe LORD said unto Gideon, "The vw1 People that are with thee are too many for Me to give the Midianites into their hands,

olest Israel vaunt themselves against Me, saying, 'Mine own hand hath saved me.'

3 Now therefore go to, proclaim in the ears of the People, saying, 'Whosoever is fearful and afraid, let him return and depart early from ° mount Gilead.'

(p. 335)

And there returned of the People otwenty and two thousand; and there remained ten thou-

4 And 2 the LORD said unto Gideon, "The People are yet too many; bring them down unto the water, and I will try them for thee there: and it shall be, that of whom I say unto thee, 'This shall go with thee,' the same shall go with thee; and of whomsoever I say unto thee, 'This shall not go with thee,' the same shall not go.'

5 So he brought down the People unto the water: and 2 the LORD said unto Gideon, "Every one that 'lappeth of the water with his tongue, °as a dog lappeth, him shalt thou set by himself; likewise every one that boweth down upon his knees to drink."

6 And the number of them that lapped, putting their hand to their mouth, were three hundred men: but all the rest of the People bowed down upon their knees to drink water.

7 And 2 the LORD said unto Gideon, "By the three hundred 6men that lapped will I save you, and deliver the Midianites into thine hand: and let all the other People go every man unto his place.'

8 So othe People took victuals in their hand, and their trumpets: and he sent all the rest of Israel eevery man unto his tent, and retained those three hundred men: and the host of Midian was beneath him in the valley.

9 And it came to pass the same night, that 2 the LORD said unto him, "Arise, get thee down unto the 1 host; for I have delivered it into thine hand.

10 But if thou fear to go down, go thou with Phurah thy servant down to the 1 host:

11 And thou shalt hear what they say; and afterward shall thine hands be strengthened to go down unto the 'host." Then went he down with Phurah his servant unto the outside of the armed men that were in the 1 host.

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12 And the Midianites and the ° Amalekites and all the °children of the east lay along in the valley like ° grasshoppers for multitude; and their camels were without number, °as the sand by the sea side for multitude.

13 And when Gideon was come, behold, there was a man that told a dream unto his fellow, and said, Behold, I dreamed a dream, and, °lo, a cake of barley bread tumbled into the host of Midian, and came unto a tent, and smote it that it fell, and overturned it, that the tent lay along."

14 And his fellow answered and said, "This is nothing else save the sword of Gideon the son of Joash, a 6 man of Israel: for into his hand hath 'God delivered Midian, and all the 1 host."

lest, &c. This is the real reason of this direction.

3 mount Gilead. What was more natural than that the half tribe of Manasseh on the west side of Jordan should so name a mount in their tribe in compliment to the famous mount on the east side? (Gen. 31. 21-25; 37. 25. Num. 32. 1, 40. Deut. 3. 15. Josh. 17. 1). Gideon was of that tribe. Probably "the wood of Ephraim" on east side; so named here out of compliment to the half tribe on west side (2 Sam. 18. 6).

twenty = probably 20 + 2,000 = 2,020. Ср. 12. 6. 1 Sam. 6. 19. If there remained 10,000, there must have been 10,000 + 2,020 = 12,020; and, as only 300 remained, 9,700 must have gone away at the second testing. Only 1,000 of each tribe = 12,000, sent out to fight in Num. 31. 4, 5.

5 lappeth: i.e. without kneeling down as idolaters were accustomed to do (1 Kings 19. 18. 2 Chron. 29. 9. See note on Est. 3. 2. as = according as.

6 men. Heb. 'īsh. Ap. 14. II.

8 the People. So the 300 are called. 12 Amalekites. See note on Ex. 17, 16.

children = sons.

grasshoppers = locusts.

as the sand, &c. Fig. Paræmia. Ap. 6.

13 behold . . . Behold . . . lo. Fig. Asterismos (three times). Ap. 6.
a dream. See note on Gen. 20. 3.

14 God = $h\bar{a}$ -'Elohim here (= the God), because in connection with Midianites, His creatures. Not Jehovah. Ap. 4. I, II.

16 lamps = torches, which smoulder till waved in the

18 The sword. These words are supplied by Fig. Ellipsis from v. 20. But some codices, with Aram. and Syr., read these words in the text. Lit. "For Jehovah and for Gideon ".

7. 19—8. 23 (T¹, p. 334). DELIVERANCE. (Alternation and Introversion.)

y | 7. 19, 20. The assault. z | a | 7. 21, 22. Midianite host. Flight. b | 7. 23. Pursuit by Naphtali. $y \mid 7.24, 25$. The victory. $z \mid b \mid 8$. 1-12. Pursuit by Gideon. $a \mid 8.13-23.$ Midianite kings. Capture.

telling of the dream, and the interpretation thereof, that he worshipped, and returned into the 1 host of Israel, and said, "Arise; for 2 the LORD hath delivered into your hand the 1 host of Midian."

16 And he divided the three hundred 6 men into three companies, and he put a trumpet in every man's hand, with empty pitchers, and ° lamps within the pitchers.

17 And he said unto them, "Look on me, and do likewise: and, behold, when \Im come to the outside of the camp, it shall be that, as I do, so shall ye do.

18 When I blow with a trumpet, 3 and all that are with me, then blow pe the trumpets also on every side of all the camp, and say, "'The sword of 2 the LORD, and of Gideon.'"

19 So Gideon, and the hundred 6 men that were with him, came unto the outside of the camp in the beginning of the middle watch; and they had but newly set the watch: and they blew the trumpets, and brake the pitchers that were in their hands.

20 And the three companies blew the trumpets, and brake the pitchers, and held the lamps in their left hands, and the trumpets in 15 And it was so, when Gideon heard the their right hands to blow withal: and they

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cried, "The sword of the Lord, and of

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21 And they stood ⁶ every man in his place round about the camp: and all the 'host ran, and cried, and fled.

22 And the three hundred blew the trumpets, and 2 the LORD set 6 every man's sword against his fellow, even throughout all the 1 host: and the 1 host fled to Beth-shittah in Zererath, and to the border of Abel-meholah, unto Tabbath.

23 And the 6 men of Israel gathered themselves together out of Naphtali, and out of Asher, and out of all Manasseh, and pursued after the Midianites.

24 And Gideon sent messengers throughout all °mount Ephraim, saying, "Come down against the Midianites, and take before them the waters unto Beth-barah and Jordan.' Then all the 6 men of Ephraim gathered themselves together, and took the waters unto Beth-barah and Jordan.

25 And they took 'two princes of the Midianites, Oreb and Zeeb; and they slew Oreb upon the rock Oreb, and Zeeb they slew at the winepress of Zeeb, and pursued Midian, and brought the heads of Oreb and Zeeb to Gideon

on the other side Jordan.

z b c(p. 337)

8 And the "men of Ephraim said unto him, "Why hast thou served us thus, that thou calledst us not, when thou wentest to fight with the Midianites?" And they did ° chide with him sharply.

2 And he said unto them, ""What have I done now in comparison of you? "Is not the gleaning of the grapes of Ephraim better

than the vintage of Abiezer?

3 God hath delivered into your hands the princes of Midian, Oreb and Zeeb: and what was I able to do in comparison of you?" Then their oanger was abated toward him, when he had said that.

deg

4 And Gideon came to Jordan, and passed over, he, and the three hundred 1 men that were with him, faint, yet pursuing them.

5 And he said unto the omen of Succoth, "Give, I pray you, loaves of bread unto the people that follow me; for they be faint, and 3 am pursuing after Zebah and Zalmunna, kings of Midian."

6 And the princes of Succoth said, "Are the hands of Zebah and Zalmunna now in thine hand, that we should give bread unto thine

army?'

7 And Gideon said, "Therefore when "the LORD hath delivered Zebah and Zalmunna into mine hand, then I will tear your flesh with the thorns of the wilderness and with

8 And he went up thence to Penuel, and spake unto them likewise: and the 5 men of Penuel answered him as the 5 men of Succoth had answered him.

9 And he spake also unto the 5 men of Penuel, saying, "When I come again in peace, I will break down this tower."

10 Now Zebah and Zalmunna were in slay pou.

20 of the LORD = of Jehovah. Lit. "A sword for Jehovah and Gideon."

24 mount = hill country.

25 two princes. Cp. Ps. 83. 11. Isa. 10. 26.

8. 1-23 (z, p. 336). PURSUIT AND CAPTURE. (Introversion and Alternation.)

z | c | 1-3. Men of Ephraim, and Gideon. d e g 4-7. Succoth. Colloquy.

h | 8, 9. Penuel. Colloquy.

f | 10-12. Kings taken.

d | e | g | 13-16. Succoth. Retribution.

h | 17. Penuel. Retribution. f | 18-21. Kings slain. c | 22, 23. Men of Israel, and Gideon.

1 men. Heb. 'īsh. Ap. 14. II.

Why...? Fig. Erotësis. Ap. 6. chide. This was the beginning of the strife which ended in the division of the kingdom (1 Kings 12).

2 What...? Is not...? Fig. Erotesis. Ap. 6. 3 God = Elohim delivered His creatures; not Jehovah the Covenant-God. Ap. 4. I, II.

anger. Heb. rūach, spirit (Ap. 9). Put by Fig. Metonymy (of Cause) for the angry manifestations of it.

5 men = folk. Heb. ' $\check{e}n\bar{o}sh$. Ap. 14. 7 the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4.

10 hosts = camps.

children. Heb. sons.

11 host=camp.

15 Are ...? Fig. Erotēsis. Ap. 6. **18** a = the.

Karkor, and their °hosts with them, about fifteen thousand men, all that were left of all the 1 hosts of the o children of the east: for there fell an hundred and twenty thousand 5 men that drew sword.

11 And Gideon went up by the way of them that dwelt in tents on the east of Nobah and Jogbehah, and smote the 'host: for the 'host

was secure.

12 And when Zebah and Zalmunna fled, he pursued after them, and took the two kings of Midian, Zebah and Zalmunna, and discomfited all the 1 host.

13 And Gideon the son of Joash returned from

battle before the sun was up,

14 And caught a young man of the 5 men of Succoth, and enquired of him: and he described unto him the princes of Succoth, and the elders thereof, even threescore and seventeen 1 men.

15 And he came unto the 5 men of Succoth. and said, "Behold Zebah and Zalmunna, with whom ye did upbraid me, saying, °'Are the hands of Zebah and Zalmunna now in thine hand, that we should give bread unto thy 5 men that are weary?'

16 And he took the elders of the city, and thorns of the wilderness and briers, and with them he taught the 5 men of Succoth.

17 And he beat down the tower of Penuel, hand slew the 5 men of the city.

18 Then said he unto Zebah and Zalmunna, "What manner of 5 men were they whom ye slew at Tabor?" And they answered, "As thou art, so were they; each one resembled the 10 children of °a king.

19 And he said, "They were my brethren, even the sons of my mother: as 7 the LORD liveth, if ye had saved them alive, I would not

20 And he said unto Jether his firstborn, "Up, and slay them." But the youth drew not his sword: for he feared, because he was yet a youth.

21 Then Zebah and Zalmunna said, "Rise thou, and fall upon us: for as the 1 man is, so is his strength." And Gideon arose, and slew Zebah and Zalmunna, and took away the ornaments that were on their camels' necks.

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22 Then the 1 men of Israel said unto Gideon, "Rule thou over us, both thou, and thy son, and thy son's son also: for thou hast delivered us from the hand of Midian.

23 And Gideon said unto them, "3 will not rule over you, neither shall my son rule over you: 7 the LORD shall rule over you."

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24 And Gideon said unto them, "I would desire a request of you, that ye would give me 1 every man the earrings of his prey." (For they had golden earrings, because they were Ishmaelites.)

25 And they answered, "We will willingly give them." And they spread 18 a garment, and did cast therein levery man the earrings of his

26 And the weight of the golden ²⁴ earrings that he requested was a thousand and seven hundred shekels of gold; beside ornaments, and collars, and purple raiment that was on the kings of Midian, and beside the chains that were about their camels' necks.

27 And Gideon made an ephod thereof, and put it in his city, even in Ophrah: and all Israel went thither a whoring after it: which thing became a snare unto Gideon, and to his

house.

1218

28 Thus was Midian subdued before the °children of Israel, so that they °lifted up 1178 their heads no more. And the country ° was in quietness forty years in the days of Gideon.

29 And Jerubbaal the son of Joash went and dwelt in his own house.

30 And Gideon had threescore and ten sons of his body begotten: for he had many wives. 31 And his concubine that was in Shechem,

the also bare him a son, whose name he called Abimelech.

32 And Gideon the son of Joash died in a good old age, and was buried in the sepulchre of Joash his father, in Ophrah of the Abiezrites.

33 And it came to pass, as soon as Gideon was dead, that the 18 children of Israel turned again, and went a whoring after Baalim, and made Baal-berith their god.

34 And the 18 children of Israel remembered not 7 the LORD their 3 God, Who had delivered them out of the hands of all their enemies on every side:

35 Neither shewed they kindness to the house of Jerubbaal, namely, Gideon, according to all the goodness which he had shewed unto

9 And Abimelech the son of Jerubbaal went to Shechem unto his mother's brethren, and stood in the top of mount Gerizim, and

21 ornaments = crescent-shaped ornaments used still on necks of horses and camels.

24 earrings. Heb. Nezem. Any ring worn in ear or nose = a nose ring in Gen. 24. 47. Prov. 11. 22. Isa. 3. 21. Ezek. 16. 12; and "earring" in Gen. 35. 4 and Ex. 32. 2. Other passages doubtful (v. 25. Job 42.11. Prov. 25.12. Hos. 2, 13),

because. This parenthetical remark solves the difficulty of Gen. 37. 25, 28, 36, and 39. 1. Ishmael and Midian were half-brothers, sons of Abraham by Hagar and Keturah (Gen.16.11, 12; 25.1, 2). All Midianites were Ishmaelites, but all Ishmaelites were not Midianites.

27 ephod. Probably the priests were lax in restoring the worship of the true God. So that Gideon would have meant well and desired to judge well. Cp. 17. 5, where Micah made another. The reason given being that "there was no king, and every man did what was right in his own eyes", 17.6; and 18.5, where it was used to "ask counsel"; and for the same reason, 18.1.

28 children = sons.

lifted up their heads no more = made no more attempts to vex.

was in quietness. See note on 3. 11.

9. 1-57 (B, p. 323). INTERNAL DISORDERS. (Introversion.)

B A 1-6. Abimelech's usurpation. B | 7-21. Action of Jotham. $B \mid 22-55$. Action of God.

A | 56, 57. Abimelech's usurpation avenged.

1 brethren. Put by Fig. Synecdoche (of Species) for other relatives. Ap. 6.

2 men = masters, lords, or owners. Heb. baalīm. persons = Heb. 'ish. Ap. 14. II.

3 men. Heb. 'ish. Ap. 14. II.

4 light = rash.

persons. Heb. 'enosh. Ap. 14. III.

6 plain = oak.

of the pillar. Gen. of Apposition (Ap. 6) = that is to say, the pillar made of oak. See Josh. 24. 26. Cp. Gen. 28. 18, 22; 31. 13, 45; 35. 14, 20. 2 Sam. 18. 18.

7-21 [For Structure see next page].

family of the house of his mother's father, saying,

2 "Speak, I pray you, in the ears of all the men of Shechem, Whether is better for you, either that all the sons of Jerubbaal, which are threescore and ten opersons, reign over you, or that one reign over you? remember also that 3 am your bone and your flesh.'

3 And his mother's brethren spake of him in the ears of all the omen of Shechem all these words: and their hearts inclined to follow Abimelech; for they said, " he is our brother."

4 And they gave him threescore and ten pieces of silver out of the house of Baal-berith, wherewith Abimelech hired vain and 'light persons, which followed him.

5 And he went unto his father's house at Ophrah, and slew his brethren the sons of Jerubbaal, being threescore and ten 2 persons, upon one stone: notwithstanding yet Jotham the youngest son of Jerubbaal was left; for he hid himself.

6 And all the 2 men of Shechem gathered together, and all the house of Millo, and went, and made Abimelech king, by the ° plain ° of the pillar that was in Shechem.

7 And when they told it to Jotham, he went and communed with them, and with all the lifted up his voice, and cried, and said unto

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 \mathbf{B} A (p. 338)

them, "Hearken unto me, ye 2 men of Shechem, that ° God may hearken unto you.

8 ° The trees ° went forth on a time to anoint a king over them; and they said unto othe (p. 339) olive tree, 'Reign thou over us.'

9 But the olive tree said unto them, 'Should I leave my fatness, wherewith by me they ° honour 7 God and ° man, and ° go to be promoted over the trees?'

10 And the trees said to othe fig tree, Come

thou, and reign over us.

11 But the fig tree said unto them, 'Should I ° forsake my sweetness, and my good fruit, and go to be promoted over the trees?

12 Then said the trees unto othe vine, Come

thou, and reign over us.

13 And the vine said unto them, 'Should I °leave my ° wine, which cheereth 7 God and 9 man, and go to be promoted over the trees? 14 Then said all the trees unto othe bramble, 'Come thou, and reign over us.'

15 And the bramble said unto the trees, 'If in truth me anoint me king over you, then come and o put your trust in my shadow: and if not, let fire come out of the bramble, and devour

the cedars of Lebanon.'

16 Now therefore, if ye have done truly and sincerely, in that ye have made Abimelech king, and if ye have dealt well with Jerubbaal and his house, and have done unto him accord-

ing to the deserving of his hands; 17° (For my father fought for you, and adventured his 'life far, and delivered you out of the

hand of Midian:

18 And pt are risen up against my father's house this day, and have slain his sons, threescore and ten 2 persons, upon one stone, and have made Abimelech, the son of his maid-servant, king over the 2men of Shechem, because he is your brother;)

19 If ye then have dealt truly and sincerely with Jerubbaal and with his house this day, then rejoice ye in Abimelech, and let him also

rejoice in you:

20 But if not, let fire come out from Abimelech, and devour the 2 men of Shechem, and the house of Millo; and let fire come out from the 3 men of Shechem, and from the house of Millo, and devour Abimelech.'

21 And Jotham ran away, and fled, and went to Beer, and dwelt there, for fear of Abimelech his brother.

22 When Abimelech had 'reigned 'three years C_1 D

over Israel, 1178

23 Then 'God sent 'an evil spirit between Abimelech and the 2 men of Shechem; and the 1176² men of Shechem dealt treacherously with Abimelech:

24 That the cruelty done to the threescore \mathbf{F} and ten sons of Jerubbaal might come, and their blood be laid upon Abimelech their brother, which slew them;

and upon the 2 men of Shechem, which aided him in the killing of his brethren.

25 And the 2 men of Shechem set liers in wait for him in the top of the mountains, and they robbed all that came along that way by them: and it was told Abimelech.

7-21 (B, p. 338). ACTION OF JOTHAM. (Introversion.)

B | c | 7. Jotham's coming forth. d | 8-15. Parable given. d | 16-20. Parable interpreted. c | 21. Jotham's fleeing away.

7 God. Heb. Elohim. Ap. 4. I. Not Jehovah in

8 The trees. This is pure allegory (Ap. 6). The interpretation is local and historical. The application is dispensational.

went forth. Verb, duplicated by Fig. Polyptoton (Ap. 6). Very emphatic="a going forth they went forth", or went forth with great earnestness of purpose the olive tree = Israel's religious privileges. Rom. 11.

9 honour. Cp. Ex. 27. 20, 21. Lev. 2. 1. The interpretation of these three-"honour", &c .- is clear from the context. An application may be made as to what should be seen in Israel and in ourselves.

man. Heb. 'ĕnōsh. Ap. 14. III.

go = march about, instead of fulfilling my mission. 10 the fig tree. Israel's national privileges (Matt.

21. 19, 20. Mark 11. 13, 20, 21. Luke 13, 6-9).

11 forsake. Same Heb. as "leave" in vv. 9 and 13. 12 the vine = Israel's spiritual privileges (Isa. 5. John 15).

13 leave. Same Heb. as "forsake" (v. 11).

wine new wine. Heb. tīrōsh. Ap. 27. II.

14 the bramble. This is prophetic of the false nation under the rule of Antichrist, which will devour the nation as foreshown in v. 20.

15 put your trust = flee for refuge. Heb. hasah.

Ap. 69. ii.

17 Note the parenthesis of vv. 17, 18. life = soul. Heb. nephesh. Ap. 13.

> 22-55 (B, p. 338). ACTION OF GOD. (Alternation and Introversion.)

D | 22, 23. Evil spirit sent out. Pur-E | F | 24-. Against Abimelech. G | -24. Against Shechemites. pose. $D \mid 25-41$. Evil spirit in operation. Ac- $E \mid G \mid$ 42-49. Against Shechemites. complish-F | 50-55. Against Abimelech. ment.

22 reigned = exercised power over. Heb. sūr. Occurs only here, and Hos. 8. 4; 12. 4.

three years. A usurpation, and therefore not included in Anno Dei reckoning. See Ap. 50. 4. They are concurrent with Tola's first three.

23 God = Elohim. Not Jehovah. Ap. 4. I, II. an evil spirit = an evil $r\bar{u}ach$. Ap. 9.

25-55 (C2, above). EVIL SPIRIT IN OPERATION. (Alternations.)

e | 25. Shechemites. f | 26~. Gaal. $e \mid -26, 27$. Shechemites. $f \mid 28, 29$. Gaal. J¹ | 30-33. Zebul. Conspiracy. $H^2 \mid g \mid 34$. Abimelech. h | 35-. Gaal. $g \mid -35$. Abimelech. h | 36-38. Gaal. J² | 39-41. Zebul. Flight. H³ | i | 42-45. Shechemites. k | 46-49. Tower of Shechem. i 50. Thebez.

26 And Gaal the son of Ebed came with his | f brethren, and went over to Shechem:

k | 51-55. Tower of Thebez.

and the 2 men of Shechem put their confidence | 6 in him.

27 And they went out into the fields, and

 $C^2 H^{\iota} e$

gathered their vineyards, and trode the grapes, and made merry, and went into the house of their god, and did eat and drink, and cursed Abimelech.

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28 And Gaal the son of Ebed said, "" Who is Abimelech, and "who is "Shechem, that we should serve him? o is not he the son of Jerubbaal? and Zebul his officer? serve the of Hamor the father of Shechem: for °why should we serve him?

29 And ° would to God this people were under my hand! then would I remove Abimelech." And he said to Abimelech, "Increase thine army, and come out."

30 And when Zebul the ruler of the city heard the words of Gaal the son of Ebed, his anger was kindled.

31 And he sent messengers unto Abimelech ° privily, saying, °" Behold, Gaal the son of Ebed and his brethren be come to Shechem; and, ° behold, they fortify the city against thee. 32 Now therefore up by night, thou and the people that is with thee, and lie in wait in the

field:

33 And it shall be, that in the morning, as soon as the sun is up, thou shalt rise early, and set upon the city: and, behold, when he and the people that is with him come out against thee, then mayest thou do to them ° as thou shalt find occasion."

H¹ g

34 And Abimelech rose up, and all the people that were with him, by night, and they laid wait against Shechem in four companies.

35 And Gaal the son of Ebed went out, and h stood in the entering of the gate of the city:

and Abimelech rose up, and the people that gwere with him, from lying in wait.

36 And when Gaal saw the people, he said to Zebul, 31"Behold, there come people down from the top of the mountains." And Zebul said unto him, "Thou seest the shadow of the mountains as if they were 28 men."

37 And Gaal spake again and said, "See there come people down by the middle of the land, and another company come along by the oplain

of Meonenim."

38 Then said Zebul unto him, "Where is now thy mouth, wherewith thou saidst, ° 'Who is Abimelech, that we should serve him?' o is not this the people that thou hast despised? go out, I pray onow, and fight with them."

39 And Gaal went out before the 2 men of Shechem, and fought with Abimelech.

40 And Abimelech chased him, and he fled before him, and many were overthrown and wounded, even unto the entering of the gate.

41 And Abimelech °dwelt at Arumah: and Zebul thrust out Gaal and his brethren, that they should not dwell in Shechem.

 H^3 i (p. 339)

42 And it came to pass on the morrow, that the people went out into the field; and they told Abimelech.

43 And he took the people, and divided them into three companies, and laid wait in the field, and looked, and, 31 behold, the people

28 Who...? who...? Fig. Erotēsis. Ap. 6. Shechem. Some codices, with Sept., read "the son of Shechem ".

is not...? why...? Fig. Erotēsis. Ap. 6. men. Heb. 'ěnōsh. Ap. 14.

29 would to God = would that. Fig. Ecphonesis.

And he said. The Sept. reads "and say".

31 privily = deceitfully or craftily. Behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6,

33 as = according as.

37 plain = oak.

38 Where...? Who...? is not...? Fig. Erotēsis. Ap. 6.

A special various reading called Sevīr has now. "thou" (emphatic) instead of "now"=I pray thee, thou, &c.

41 dwelt = waited, or sat down.

44 ran = rushed.

46-49 (k, p. 339). THE TOWER OF SHECHEM.

51-55 (k, p. 339). THE TOWER OF THEBEZ. (Extended Alternation and Introversion.)

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| k | 1 | 46, 47. Refuge.
        m o 48. Brushwood.
           p | 49-. Burning.
                   n | -49. Deaths. Shechemites.
 k \mid l \mid 51. Refuge.
        m \mid p \mid 52. Burning.

o \mid 53. Millstone.

n \mid 54, 55. Death. Abimelech.
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46 Berith = covenant = a sanctuary.

48 trees = brushwood.

were come forth out of the city; and he rose

up against them, and smote them.

44 And Abimelech, and the company that was with him, rushed forward, and stood in the entering of the gate of the city: and the two other companies oran upon all the people that were in the fields, and slew them.

45 And Abimelech fought against the city all that day; and he took the city, and slew the people that was therein, and beat down the

city, and sowed it with salt.

46 And when all the 2men of the tower of Shechem heard that, they entered into an hold (p. 340) of the house of the god Berith.

47 And it was told Abimelech, that all the ²men of the tower of Shechem were gathered

together.

48 And Abimelech gat him up to mount Zalmon, he and all the people that were with him; and Abimelech took an axe in his hand, and cut down a bough from the otrees, and took it, and laid it on his shoulder, and said unto the people that were with him, "What ye have seen me do, make haste, and do as I have done.

49 And all the people likewise cut down ³ every man his bough, and followed Abimelech, and put them to the hold, and set the hold on fire upon them;

so that all the 28 men of the tower of Shechem died also, about a thousand 3 men and women.

50 Then went Abimelech to Thebez, and encamped against Thebez, and took it.

51 But there was a strong tower within the city, and thither fled all the 28 men and women, (p. 340

F i(p. 339

and all they of the city, and shut it to them, and gat them up to the top of the tower.

m p(p. 340)

52 And Abimelech came unto the tower, and fought against it, and went °hard unto the door of the tower to burn it with fire.

53 And a certain woman cast °a piece of a millstone upon Abimelech's head, and °all to brake his skull.

54 Then he called hastily unto the young man his armourbearer, and said unto him, "Draw thy sword, and slay me, that men say not of me, ° 'A woman slew him.'" And his young man thrust him through, and he died. 55 And when the 'men of Israel saw that Abimelech was dead, they departed every man unto his place.

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56 Thus 7 God ° rendered the ° wickedness of Abimelech, which he did unto his father, in slaying his seventy brethren:

57 And all the evil of the 9 men of Shechem did 7 God 56 render upon their heads: and upon them came the curse of Jotham the son of Jerubbaal.

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10 And after Abimelech there arose to ° defend Israel Tola the son of Puah, the son of Dodo, a ° man of Issachar; and he dwelt in Shamir in ° mount Ephraim.

2 And he judged Israel 'twenty and three years, and died, and was buried in Shamir.

3 And after him arose Jair, a Gileadite, and

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judged Israel "twenty and two years.

4 And he had thirty sons that rode on thirty 1151 ass colts, and they had thirty cities, which are called Havoth-jair unto this day, which are in the land of Gilead.

5 And Jair died, and was buried in Camon.

6 And the °children of Israel did °evil °again in the sight of °the LORD, and served Baalim, and °Ashtaroth, and the °gods of Syria, and the °gods of Zidon, and the °gods of Moab, and the gods of the "children of Ammon, and the "gods of the Philistines, and forsook $^{\circ}$ the LORD, and served not Him.

7 And the anger of 6 the LORD was hot against Israel, and He sold them into the hands of the Philistines, and into the hands of the 6 children of Ammon.

8 And that year they °vexed and oppressed the 6 children of Israel: eighteen years, all the 6 children of Israel that were on the other side Jordan in the land of the Amorites, which is in Gilead.

9 Moreover the 6 children of Ammon passed over Jordan to fight also against Judah, and against Benjamin, and against the house of Ephraim; so that Israel was sore distressed.

10 And the 6 children of Israel cried unto 6 the LORD, saying, "We have sinned against Thee, also served Baalim.

11 And 6the LORD said unto the 6children of Israel, ""Did not I deliver you from the Egyptians, and from the Amorites, from the ⁶children of Ammon, and from the Philistines? 12 The Zidonians also, and the Amalekites, Israel.

52 hard = close.

53 a piece of a = an upper.

all to brake = altogether brake. (Obsolete.)

54 A. woman slew. See note on 4. 21.
 55 men. Heb. 'īsh. Ap. 14. II.

56 rendered = requited. Heb. brought back. wickedness. Heb. $r\bar{a}$ 'a'. Ap. 44. viii.

10. 1—**16.** 31 (*D*, p. 323). GOVERNMENT. (Alternation.)

D | A | 10. 1-5. Judges. (Tola and Jair.) B | 10. 6—12. 7. Ammonites and Jephthah. A | 12. 8-15. Judges. (Ibzan, Elon, Abdon.)
B | 13. 1—16. 31. Philistines and Samson.

1 defend = save or deliver. man. Heb. 'īsh. Ap. 4. II. mount = hill country.

2 twenty, &c. See note on 9. 22.

3 twenty. See note, Ap. 50. IV, p. 55.

10. 6—12. 7 (B, above). AMMONITES AND JEPHTHAH. (Extended Alternation.)

C 10. 6. The evil wrought. D | 10. 7. Selling to Philistines and Ammonites. E | 10. 8, 9. Oppression (eighteen years).

 $C \mid 10.$ 10-16. The evil repented of. $D \mid 10.$ 17-12. 6. Deliverance by Jephthah. $E \mid 12.7$. Government by Jephthah (six years).

6 children = sons.

evil. Heb. $r\bar{a}^{\dagger}a^{\prime}$. Ap. 44. viii. again. Cp. 2. 11; 3. 7; 4. 1; 6. 1; 13. 1. the Lord. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II.

Ashtaroth, pl. = the Ashtoreths. Cp. 2, 11-13.

gods of Syria. Gen. 35. 3-6. gods of Zidon. 1 Kings 11. 5 (Baal, Astarte).

gods of Moab. 11. 24 (Chemosh). 1 Kings 11. 33 (Milcom or Molech).

gods of the Philistines: e.g. Dagon (16. 23). 8 vexed and oppressed = brake and crushed. See note on v. 3, above.

10-16 (C, above). THE EVIL REPENTED OF. (Alternation.)

 $C \mid \mathbf{a} \mid$ 10. Confession. b | 11-14. Reproach. a | 15, 16-. Confession. b | -16. Pity.

10 our God. Heb. Elohim (Ap. 4. I). Some codices, with Aram., Sept., and Vulg., read "Jehovah our God". 11 Did not I...? Fig. Erotësis. Ap. 6.
12 Maonites. Cp. 2 Chron. 26. 7, 8. A mixture of

Moabites and Ammonites = the two words combined.

13 Yet. Cp. Deut. 32. 15. Jer. 2. 13.
14 Go. Fig. Eironeia (Divine Irony). Ap. 6.
ye have chosen. Cp. Deut. 32. 37, 38. Jer. 2. 28.

16 strange gods = gods of strangers or foreigners. His soul = He (emph.). Heb. nephesh (Ap. 13). Attributed by Fig. Anthropopatheia to God (Ap. 6).

and the 'Maonites, did oppress nou; and ye cried to Me, and I delivered you out of their hand.

13 ° Yet ne have forsaken Me, and served other gods: wherefore I will deliver you no more.

14 °Go and cry unto the gods which °ye have chosen; let them deliver you in the time of your tribulation.

15 And the 6 children of Israel said unto 6 the |a|both because we have forsaken our God, and Lord, "We have sinned: do Thou unto us whatsoever seemeth good unto Thee; deliver

us only, we pray Thee, this day."

16 And they put away the "strange gods from among them, and served 6 the LORD:

and "His soul was grieved for the misery of | b

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17 Then the 6 children of Ammon were 9 gathered together, and encamped in Gilead. And the 6 children of Israel assembled themselves together, and encamped in Mizpeh.

 \mathbf{H}^1 \mathbf{c}^1

18 And the people and princes of Gilead said one to another, "What oman is he that will begin to fight against the children of Ammon? he shall be head over all the inhabitants of Gilead.'

11 Now 'Jephthah the 'Gileadite was a mighty 'man of valour, and he was the son of an harlot: and Gilead begat Jephthah.

2 And Gilead's wife bare him sons; and his wife's sons grew up, and they thrust out Jephthah, and said unto him, "Thou shalt not inherit in our father's house; for thou art the son of a 'strange woman.'

3 Then Jephthah fled ° from his brethren, and dwelt in the land of ° Tob: and there were gathered ° vain ° men to Jephthah, and went

out with him.

4 And it came to pass in process of time, that the 'children of Ammon made war against

 $H^2 c^2$

5 And it was so, that when the 'children of Ammon made war against Israel, the elders of Gilead went to fetch Jephthah out of the land of Tob:

6 And they said unto Jephthah, "Come, and be our captain, that we may fight with the children of Ammon."

7 And Jephthah said unto the elders of Gilead, "Did not ne hate me, and expel me out of my father's house? and why are ye come unto me now when ye are in distress?"

8 And the elders of Gilead said unto Jephthah, "Therefore we turn again to thee now, that thou mayest go with us, and fight against the 'children of Ammon, and be our head over

all the inhabitants of Gilead."

9 And Jephthah said unto the elders of Gilead, "If ye bring me home again to fight against the 'children of Ammon, and 'the LORD deliver them before me, shall 3 be your head?

10 And the elders of Gilead said unto Jephthah, "" The LORD be witness between us, if we do not so according to thy words."

11 Then Jephthah went 'with the elders of Gilead, and the people made him head and captain over them: and Jephthah uttered all his words ° before 9 the LORD ° in Mizpeh.

F3 G3 e

12 And Jephthah sent messengers unto the king of the 'children of Ammon, saying, "What hast thou to do with me, that thou art come against me to fight in my land?"

13 And the king of the 4 children of Ammon answered unto the messengers of Jephthah, "Because Israel took away my land, when they came up out of Egypt, from Arnon even unto Jabbok, and unto Jordan: now therefore restore those lands again peaceably.

14 And Jephthah sent messengers again unto the king of the 4 children of Ammon:

15 ° And said unto him, "Thus saith Jephthah, 'Israel took not away the land of Moab, nor the land of the 4 children of Ammon:

17 gathered = gathered by proclamation. Note the extended alternation in this verse "children, gathered, encamped ".

18 man. Heb. 'īsh. Ap. 14. II.

10. 17—12. 6 (D, p. 341). DELIVERANCE BY JEPHTHAH. (Repeated Alternations.)

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G<sup>2</sup> | 11. 4. Ammonite war.
     H^2 | c^2 | 11. 5, 6. Jephthah called.

d^2 | 11. 7-11. Jephthah appointed.
G<sup>3</sup> | 11, 12-28. Ammonite negotiation.
     H<sup>3</sup> | c<sup>3</sup> | 11. 29. Jephthah inspired.
d<sup>3</sup> | 11. 30, 31. Jephthah's vow made.
G<sup>4</sup> | 11. 32, 33. Ammonite defeat.
H<sup>4</sup> | c<sup>4</sup> | 11. 34-. Jephthah's return.
                 d4 | 11. -34-40. Jephthah's vow per-
                      formed.
G<sup>5</sup> | 12. 1. Ephraimite dispute.
     H^5 | c^5 | 12. 2, 3. Jephthah's answer.

d^5 | 12. 4-6. Jephthah's action.
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11. 1 Jephthah = He will deliver. Note the Fig. Epanadiplosis (Ap. 6), to call attention to the facts of this verse, introducing Jephthah. All was irregular: no king, no judge, no priest.

Gileadite = son of the man Gilead.

man. Heb. gibbör. Ap. 14. IV.

2 strange = foreign.

3 from. Heb. "from the face of". Fig. Pleonasm. Ap. 6.

Tob = fruitful land. East of Syria. vain = unemployed, or bankrupt. men. Heb. pl. of 'ĕnösh. Ap. 14. III.

4 children = sons.

9 the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II.

10 be witness = be a hearer.

11 with. Some codices, with three early printed editions, read "unto".

before the LORD = in the presence of Jehovah. in Mizpeh. Cp. 10. 17.

12-28 (G³, above). AMMONITE NEGOTIATION. (Alternation.)

e | 12. First message. f | 13. King's answer. e | 14-27. Second message. f | 28. King's obstinacy.

12 What...? Fig. Erotēsis. Ap. 6.
15 And said. A special reading (Sevīr, Ap. 34) and some codices read "and they said". Heb. text=he. 17 me. Most codices, with Syr., read "us" as in v. 19. Cp. Num. 20, 14.

18 went along = went on.

but came not. Cp. Num. 21. 13, 24.

16 But when Israel came up from Egypt, and walked through the wilderness unto the Red sea, and came to Kadesh;

17 Then Israel sent messengers unto the king of Edom, saying, 'Let 'me, I pray thee, pass through thy land:' but the king of Edom would not hearken thereto. And in like manner they sent unto the king of Moab: but he would not consent: and Israel abode in Kadesh.

18 Then they 'went along through the wilderness, and compassed the land of Edom, and the land of Moab, and came by the east side of the land of Moab, and pitched on the other side of Arnon, but came not within the border of Moab: for Arnon was the border of Moab.

19 And °Israel sent messengers unto Sihon king of the Amorites, the king of Heshbon; and Israel said unto him, 'Let 'us pass, we

pray thee, through thy land into my place.'
20 But Sihon 'trusted not Israel to pass through his 'coast: but Sihon gathered all his people together, and pitched in Jahaz, and

fought against Israel.

21 And 9 the LORD ° God of Israel delivered Sihon and all his people into the hand of Israel, and they smote them: so Israel possessed all the land of the Amorites, the inhabitants of that country.

22 And they possessed all the 20 coasts of the Amorites, from Arnon even unto Jabbok, and from the wilderness even unto Jordan.

23 So now 9 the LORD 21 God of Israel hath dispossessed the Amorites from before His People Israel, and "shouldest then possess "it?

24° Wilt not thou possess that which Chemosh thy god giveth thee to possess? So whomsoever 9 the LORD our 21 God shall drive out from

before us, them will we possess.

25 And now ° art them any thing better than Balak the son of Zippor, king of Moab? did he ever strive against Israel, or did he ever fight

against them,

26 While Israel dwelt in Heshbon and her towns, and in Aroer and her towns, and in all the cities that be along by the 20 coasts of Arnon, othree hundred years? why therefore

did ye not recover them within that time?
27 Wherefore 3 have not sinned against thee, but thou doest me wrong to war against me: 9the LORD the Judge be judge this day between the 4children of Israel and the 4children of Ammon.

28 Howbeit the king of the 4 children of Ammon hearkened not unto the words of (p. 342) Jephthah which he sent him.

> 29 Then of the Spirit of the LORD came upon Jephthah, and he passed over Gilead, and Manasseh, and passed over Mizpeh of Gilead, and from Mizpeh of Gilead he passed over unto the 4 children of Ammon.

> 30 And Jephthah 'vowed a vow unto the LORD, and said, "If thou shalt without fail deliver the 4 children of Ammon into mine hands, 31 Then it shall be, that °whatsoever cometh forth of the doors of my house to meet me, when I return in peace from the 'children of Ammon, shall surely be 9the LORD'S, oand

> I will offer it up for a burnt offering. 32 So Jephthah passed over unto the 'children of Ammon to fight against them; and 9 the LORD delivered them into his hands.

> 33 And he smote them from Aroer, even till thou come to Minnith, even twenty cities, and unto the plain of the vineyards, with a very great slaughter. Thus the 'children of Ammon were subdued before the 4 children of Israel.

34 And Jephthah came to Mizpeh unto his H4 c4 house,

and, 'behold, his daughter came out to meet

that he rent his clothes, and said, "" Alas, my

19 Israel sent. Cp. Deut. 2. 26.

us. Cp. v. 17 and Deut. 2. 27.

20 trusted = stayed or rested on. See Ap. 69. coast = border.

21 God. Heb. Elohim. Ap. 4. I.
23 shouldest thou...? Fig. Erotēsis. Ap. 6.
it=him: i.e. Israel. Being masc. (in Heb.), cannot refer to the land of v. 21; and sing., so that it cannot refer to coasts of v. 22.

24 Wilt not thou...? Fig. Erotēsis. Ap. 6. Jephthah does not recognise Chemosh as a god. The emphasis is on "thy" and "our", and is the argument a fortiori: and, taking them on their own ground, it is the argumentum ad hominem.

25 art thou ...? Fig. Erotēsis. Ap. 6. Cp. Num. 22. 2. Deut. 23. 4. Josh. 24. 9.

26 three hundred years. Not a "round number". See Ap. 50. IV, p. 54. 27 sinned. Heb. cḥāṭā'. Ap. 44. i.

29 the Spirit. Heb. rūach (fem.). See Ap. 9. unto. This word is read in the text of some codices with Aram., Syr., and Vulg.

30 vowed a vow. Fig Polyptoton (Ap. 6) = made a solemn vow. See notes on Lev. 27. 1-8.

31 whatsoever. This is masculine. But the issuer

from his house was feminine. Thus his rash vow was impossible of fulfilment, and was to be repented of. and = or. The Heb. 1 (Vav) is a connective Particle,

and is rendered in many different ways. It is also used as a disjunctive, and is often rendered "or" (or, with a negative, "nor"). See Gen. 41. 44. Ex. 20. 4; 21. 15, 17, 18. Num. 16. 14; 22. 26 (R. V. "nor"); Deut. 3. 24. 2 Sam. 3. 29. 1 Kings 18. 10, 27. With a negative "nor", "neither". Ex. 20. 17. Deut. 7. 25. 2 Sam. 1. 21. Ps. 26. 9. Prov. 6. 4; 30. 3, &c. See note on "but", 1 Kings 2. 9. Here, Jephthah's vow consisted of two parts: (1) He would either dedicate it to Jehovah (according to Lev. 27); or (2) if unsuitable for this, he would offer it as a burnt offering. He performed his vow, and dedicated his daughter to Jehovah by a perpetual virginity (vv. 36, 39, 40); but he did not offer her as a burnt offering, because it was forbidden by Jehovah, and could not be accepted by Him (Lev. 18. 21; 20. 2-5).

11. -34-40 (d⁴, p. 342). THE VOW PERFORMED. (Alternation.)

 $d^4 \mid g \mid -34-36$. Performance. h | 37, 38. Suspension. g | 39-. Performance. $h \mid -39, 40$. Commemoration.

34 behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. timbrels = drums. See note on Ex. 15. 20. beside her. Fig. Pleonasm. Ap. 6. The fact is stated in two ways, in order to emphasise it. 35 Alas! Fig. Ecphönēsis. Ap. 6.

opened my mouth. Hebraism for making a formal, prepared, and solemn statement.

37 go up and down = wander about.

daughter! thou hast brought me very low, and thou art one of them that trouble me: for 3 have opened my mouth unto the LORD, and I cannot go back."

36 And she said unto him, "My father, if thou hast 35 opened thy mouth unto 9 the LORD, do to me according to that which hath proceeded out of thy mouth; forasmuch as 9 the LORD hath taken vengeance for thee of thine enemies, even of the 'children of Ammon.'

37 And she said unto her father, "Let this h him with 'timbrels and with dances: and the thing be done for me: let me alone two was his only child; beside her he had neither months, that I may go up and down upon son nor daughter.

35 And it came to pass, when he saw her, and my fellows."

38 And he said, "Go." And he sent her away

 $H^3 c^3$

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for two months: and the went with her companions, and bewailed her virginity upon the mountains.

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h

39 And it came to pass at the end of two months, that she returned unto her father, who odid with her according to his 30 vow which he had vowed: and the knew no man.

° And it was a custom in Israel,

40 That the daughters of Israel went yearly to lament the daughter of Jephthah the Gileadite ofour days in a year.

F5 G5 (p. 342)

12 And the omen of Ephraim gathered themselves together, and went northward, and said unto Jephthah, "Wherefore passedst thou over to fight against the children of Ammon, and didst not call us to go with thee? we will burn thine house upon thee with fire.'

H5 c5

2 And Jephthah said unto them, "3 and my people were at great strife with the 1 children of Ammon; and when I called nou, ye delivered me not out of their hands.

3 And when I saw that ye delivered me not, I put omy life in my hands, and passed over against the 1 children of Ammon, and ° the LORD delivered them into my hand: wherefore then are ye come up unto me this day, to fight against me?"

4 Then Jephthah gathered together all the omen of Gilead, and fought with Ephraim: and the omen of Gilead smote Ephraim, because they said, "De Gileadites are fugitives of Ephraim among the Ephraimites, and among the Manassites.

5 And the Gileadites took the ° passages of Jordan before the Ephraimites: and it was so, that when those Ephraimites which were escaped said, "Let me go over;" that the 'men of Gilead said unto him, "Art then an Ephraimite?" If he said, "Nay;"

6 Then said they unto him, "Say now 'Shibboleth:" and he said "Sibboleth:" for he could not ° frame to pronounce it right. they took him, and slew him at the passages of Jordan: and there fell at that time of the Ephraimites ° forty and two thousand.

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7 And Jephthah 'judged Israel six years. Then died Jephthah the Gileadite, and was o buried in one of the cities of Gilead.

8 And after him Ibzan of Beth-lehem judged

 $A i^1 j^1$ (p. 344)

Israel. 9 And he had thirty sons, and thirty daughters, whom he sent abroad, and took in thirty daughters from abroad for his sons.

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And he judged Israel seven years.

10 Then died Ibzan, and was buried at and he judged Israel eight years. Beth-lehem.

 $i^2 j^2$

 1^2

11 And after him Elon, a Zebulonite, judged Israel:

1138-1128

and he judged Israel ten years. 12 And Elon the Zebulonite died, and was buried in Aijalon in the country of Zebulun.

1128-1120

13 And after him Abdon the son of Hillel, and othe LORD delivered them into the hand a Pirathonite, judged Israel.

39 did with her according to his vow which he had vowed = He did not offer her as a burnt offering; for Jehovah could not accept that. Therefore Jephthah must have dedicated her to the LORD by a perpetual virginity. Such a vow was provided for in Lev. 27. See note on v. 31.

and she knew no man. This is conclusive. It has nothing to do with a sacrificial death, but it has to do with a dedicated life to Jehovah. Thus was Jephthah's vow fulfilled. man. Heb. 'īsh. Ap. 14. II.

And it was = and it became.

40 to lament = to rehearse with, as in 5. 11; to

celebrate [her dedication] in praises.
four days in a year. Thus annually her friends
"went", evidently to Jephthah's daughter, to rehearse with her this great event of her life: not of her death.

12. 1 men. Heb. 'īsh or 'ĕnōsh. Ap. 14. children = sons.

3 my life = my soul. Heb. nephesh. Ap. 13. II. the Lord. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II.

4 men. Heb. 'ish. Ap. 14. II. and. This "and" is read in the text in some codices, with two early printed editions, Sept., Syr., and Vulg.

5 passages = fords.
6 frame = take heed, give attention.

forty and two thousand =40+2,000=2,040. The whole tribe numbered only 32,500 at previous census (Num. 26. 37; see note on 7. 3), and that was less than the first numbering (Num. 1. 33). Only 1,000 from each tribe formed the army. Num. 31. 4, 5.

7 judged. First, deliverance; then rule. buried in one of the cities. City unnamed.

Memory not honoured, though mentioned in Heb. 11. 32; yet the last name in that list.

8-15 (A, p. 341). JUDGES (IBZAN, ELON, ABDON). (Extended Alternation.)

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j<sup>1</sup> | 8, 9-. Ibzan.
            k^{1} | -9. Government (seven years). l^{1} | 10. Death.
i<sup>2</sup> | j<sup>2</sup> | 11-. Elon.
            k^2 \mid -11. Government (ten years). l^2 \mid 12. Death.
      j<sup>3</sup> | 13, 14-. Abdon.
k<sup>3</sup> | -14. Government (eight years).
l<sup>3</sup> | 15. Death.
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14 nephews = grandsons. 15 mount = hill country.

13. 1-16. 31 (B, p. 341). PHILISTINES AND SAMSON. (Alternation.)

B J 1 13. 1-. Delivered to oppressors. K | 13. -1. Time of servitude (forty years). J | 13. 2-16. 31-. Delivered by Samson. K | 16. -31. Time of government (twenty years).

1 children = sons. did evil again = Heb. added to commit. evil. Heb. $r\bar{a}$ a. Ap. 44. viii. the Lord. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4.

forty years. 1120-1080.

14 And he had forty sons and thirty onephews, that rode on threescore and ten ass colts:

15 And Abdon the son of Hillel the Pirathonite died, and was buried in Pirathon in the land of Ephraim, in the 'mount of the Amalekites.

And the °children of Israel °did °evil again in the sight of °the LORD;

of the Philistines of forty years.

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K

 $J L m^1 n$ (p. 345) 1120-1100

2 And there was a certain oman of Zorah, of the family of the Danites, whose name was Manoah;

and his wife was barren, and bare not.

3 And othe Angel of the LORD appeared unto the woman, and said unto her, ""Behold now, thou art barren, and bearest not: but thou shalt conceive, and bear a son.

4 Now therefore beware, I pray thee, and odrink not wine nor strong drink, and eat not

any unclean thing:

5 For, °lo, thou shalt conceive, and bear a son; and no rasor shall come on his head: for othe child shall be a Nazarite unto God from the womb: and he shall begin to deliver Israel out of the hand of the Philistines.'

6 Then the woman came and told her husband, saying, "A Man of God came unto me, and His countenance was like the °countenance of an Angel of °God, very °terrible: but I asked $\widetilde{\text{Him}}$ not whence \mathfrak{He} was, neither told He me His name:

7 But He said unto me, 3 Behold, thou shalt conceive, and bear a son; and now drink no wine nor strong drink, neither eat any unclean thing: for 5 the child shall be 5a Nazarite to God from the womb to the day of his death.'"

m³ r

m² p 8 Then Manoah intreated the LORD, and said,

"O "my LORD, * let the 6 Man of 6 God Which thou didst send come again unto us, and teach us what we shall do unto 5 the child that shall be born."

9 And °God hearkened to the voice of Manoah; and the Angel of 6 God o came again unto the woman as the sat in the field: but Manoah her husband was not with her.

10 °And the woman made haste, and ran, and shewed her husband, and said unto him, 3 "Behold, 6 the Man hath appeared unto me, That came unto me the other day."

11 And Manoah arose, and went after his wife, and came to 6 the Man, and said unto Him, "Art Thou the Man That spakest unto the woman?" And He said, "Jam."

12 And Manoah said, "Now elet Thy words come to pass. 'How shall we order the child, and how shall we do unto him?"

13 And 3 the Angel of 1 the LORD said unto Manoah, "Of all that I said unto the woman let her beware.

14 She may not eat of any thing that cometh of the vine, neither let her drink wine or strong drink, nor eat any unclean thing: all that I ° commanded her let her observe.

15 And Manoah said unto the Angel of 1 the LORD, "I pray Thee, let us detain Thee, until we shall have made ready oa kid for Thee."

16 And the Angel of 1 the LORD said unto Manoah, "Though thou detain Me, I will not eat of thy 'bread: and if thou wilt 'offer a burnt offering, thou must offer it unto the LORD.'

s t For Manoah knew not that he was an Angel of 1 the LORD.

13. 2-16. 31- (*J*, p. 344). DELIVERED BY SAMSON. (Introversion.)

L | 13. 2-21. Promise. A deliverer. M | 13. 22, 23. Parents. Fear, and Cheer.

M | 13. 24, 25. Child. Growth, and Power. L | 14. 1—16. 31-. Promise fulfilled. Deliverer.

13. 2-21 (L, above). PROMISE. A DELIVERER. (Division.)

L | m¹ | 2-7. First appearance of Angel. m² | 8-14. Second appearance of Angel. m³ | 15-21. Detention of Angel.

13. 2-7 (m¹, above). FIRST APPEARANCE OF ANGEL. (Introversion.)

m1 | n | 2-. Manoah, alone. o | -2. His wife, alone. o | 3-5. His wife, and Angel. $n \mid 6, 7$. Manoah, and wife.

2 man. Heb. 'īsh. Ap. 4. II.

3 the Angel = Messenger. From vv. 18, 19, 22, the same that appeared to Gideon (6. 12).

Behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. 4 drink. Cp. Num. 6. 2, 3.

5 lo. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6, the child. Heb. na'ar.

a Nazarite unto God = one separate unto Elohim. 6 A Man. Heb. 'īsh. Ap. 14. II. This was according

to the woman's apprehension. God. Heb. Elohim. Ap. 4. I. countenance = appearance. terrible = awe-inspiring.

8-14 (m², above). SECOND APPEARANCE OF ANGEL. (Alternation.)

m² | p | 8-. Reappearance intreated. q | -8. Direction sought. p | 9-11. Reappearance vouchsafed. q | 12-14. Direction given.

8 my Lord*='Adonai. Should be "Jehovah". This is one of the 134 changes indicated in the Massorah. Ap. 32.

9 God = The God: hā-'Ĕlohim. Ap. 4. I.

came. Some codices, with three early printed editions, read "appeared".

10 And. Note the Fig. Polysyndeton (Ap. 6) in this verse.

12 How shall we order the child, and how shall we do unto him? Heb. "What shall be the rule of (Gen. of relation = concerning) the boy, and what shall be his work?"

14 commanded = forbade. The verb $zivv\bar{a}h$ is a Homonym here and Deut. 4. 23, where it is correctly rendered "forbid". Elsewhere "command".

15-21 (m³, above). DETENTION OF THE ANGEL. (Alternation and Introversion.)

m³ | r | 15, 16-. Invitation of Manoah. s | t | -16. Manoah's ignorance. u | 17, 18. Angel's name. "Wonderful." $r \mid 19$ -. Offering of Manoah. $s \mid u \mid -19-21-$. Angel's action. "Wonderful." |t|-21. Manoah's knowledge.

15 a kid = a kid of the goats.

16 bread. Fig. Synecdoche (of Species). Ap. 6. Put for all kinds of food.

offer = prepare. Ap. 43. I. iii.

offer it = cause it to ascend. Ap. 43. I. vi.

LORD, "What is Thy name, that when Thy sayings come to pass we may do Thee 17 And Manoah said unto the Angel of 1 the honour?" 1120 to 1100

18 And the Angel of 1 the LORD said unto him, "Why askest thou thus after My name, seeing it is 'secret?'

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M

19 So Manoah took 15 a kid with a meat offering, and 16 offered it upon a rock unto 1 the LORD:

and the Angel did o wonderously; (and Manoah and his wife looked on).

20 For it came to pass, when othe flame went up toward heaven from off othe altar, that the Angel of 1 the LORD ascended in the flame of the altar. And Manoah and his wife looked on it, and fell on their faces to the ground.

21 But the Angel of 1 the LORD did no more appear to Manoah and to his wife.

Then Manoah knew that \$\delta_e\$ was an Angel of tu1 the LORD.

22 And Manoah said unto his wife, "We shall surely die, because we have seen 6 God."

23 But his wife said unto him, "If 1 the LORD were pleased to kill us, He would not have oreceived a burnt offering and a meat offering at our hands, neither would He have shewed us all these things, nor would as at this time have told us such things as these.'

24 And the woman bare a son, and ° called his name Samson: and the child grew, and 1 the LORD blessed him.

25 And othe Spirit of the LORD began to °move him °at times in °the camp of Dan between Zorah and 'Eshtaol.

L A P1 v (p. 346)

14 And Samson went down to Timnath, and saw a woman in Timnath of the daughters of the Philistines.

2 And he came up, and told his father and his mother, and said, "I have seen a woman in Timnath of the daughters of the Philistines: now therefore get her for me to wife.

3 Then his father and his mother said unto him, "Is there never a woman among the daughters of thy brethren, or among all my People, that thou goest to 'take a wife of the uncircumcised Philistines?" And Samson said unto his father, "Get her for me; for ohe

pleaseth me well."
4 But his father and his mother knew not that it was of othe LORD, that he sought an ° occasion against the Philistines: for at that time the Philistines had dominion over Israel.

5 Then went Samson down, and his father and his mother, to Timnath, and came to the vineyards of Timnath: and, "behold, "a young lion roared ° against him.

6 And othe Spirit of the LORD came mightily upon him, and he rent him as he would have rent a kid, and he had nothing in his hand:

but he told not his father or his mother what he had done.

7 And he went down, and talked with the woman; and she pleased Samson well.

8 And after a time he returned to take her, and he turned aside to see the carcase of the lion: and, 5 behold, there was a swarm of bees and honey in the carcase of the lion.

9 And he took thereof in his hands, and went

18 secret. Heb. wonderful. Same as Isa, 9, 6,

19 wonderously = a wonderful thing.

20 the flame went up. See note on Gen. 4. 4.

the altar. The rock is deemed the altar.

23 received. It is the acceptance of our Substitute by God which saves, not our acceptance of Him. This was sound reasoning.

24 called his name = called him. Fig. Pleonasm. Ap. 6.

grew. Israel waited twenty years for deliverance. Cp. 15. 20; 16. 31.

25 the Spirit. Heb. rūach. Ap. 9.

began. They had yet to wait. Cp. 15. 20.

move him = stir him with trouble. See Gen. 41. 8. Ps. 77. 3. Dan. 2. 1, 3.

at times = to and fro.

the camp of Dan, where Israel lay in a fortified place. Cp. 18. 12.

Eshtaol. On the borders of Judah.

14.1—16.31-(*L*, p. 345). PROMISE FULFILLED. (Alternation and Introversion.)

L | N | A | 14. 1-20. Marriage. B | 15. 1-19. Slaughter, in life.
O | 15. 20. Government, twenty years. $N \mid A \mid 16. 1-20.$ Harlots. $B \mid 16.21-31-$. Slaughter, in death.

1-20 (N, above). MARRIAGE. (Division.)

N | P¹ | 1-9. Proposals. P² | 10-20. Feast.

1-9 (P1, above). PROPOSALS. (Extended Alternations.)

P1 | v | 1-4. Wife. w | 5, 6-. Lion. Rent. x | -6. Concealment. v | 7. Wife. $w \mid 8, 9-$. Lion. Honey in it. x | -9. Concealment.

3 take a wife of, &c. An unlawful connection. Cp. Ex. 34, 16. Deut. 7. 3, with Josh. 23, 12,

pleaseth me well. Heb. is right in mine eyes.

4 the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II.

occasion = opportunity.

5 behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6.
a young lion. Lions once abounded in Palestine. Hence names Lebaoth (Josh. 15, 32; 19. 6). Arieh (2 Kings 15. 25). Laish (Judg. 18. 7). See also 1 Sam. 17. 36. 1 Kings 13. 24, &c.).

against him = at meeting him. 6 the Spirit. Heb. rūach. Ap. 9.

10-20 (P2, above). THE FEAST. (Introversion and Alternation.)

P2 | y | 10, 11. Wife and companions. z | 12, 13. Conditions proposed. a | b | 14. Riddle put forth. c | 15-17. Wife's deceit.

a | b | 18-. Riddle solved. c | -18. Wife's deceit. z | 19. Conditions fulfilled. $y \mid 20$. Wife and companions.

11 when they saw him: i.e. saw what sort of man he was. Note emphasis on "him".

on eating, and came to his father and mother, and he gave them, and they did eat:

but he told not them that he had taken the honey out of the carcase of the lion.

10 So his father went down unto the woman: P² y and Samson made there a feast; for so used the young men to do.

11 And it came to pass, "when they saw him,

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that they brought thirty companions to be with him.

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12 And Samson said unto them, "" 3 will now put forth a riddle unto you: if ye can certainly declare it me within the seven days of the feast, and find it out, then I will give nou thirty osheets and thirty change of garments:

13 But if ye cannot declare it me, then shall me give me thirty 12 sheets and thirty change of garments." And they said unto him, "Put forth thy riddle, that we may hear it."

14 And he said unto them,

° "Out of the eater came forth meat, And out of the strong came forth sweetness." And they could not in three days expound the riddle.

15 And it came to pass on the 'seventh day, that they said unto Samson's wife, "Entice thy husband, that he may declare unto us the riddle, lest we burn thet and thy father's house with fire: have ye called us to take that we have? ° is it not so?"

16 And Samson's wife wept before him, and said, "Thou dost but hate me, and lovest me not: thou hast put forth a riddle unto the °children of my people, and hast not told it me." And he said unto her, 5"Behold, I have not told it my father nor my mother, and shall I tell it thee?"

17 And she wept before him the seven days, while their feast lasted: and it came to pass on the seventh day, that he told her, because she lay sore upon him: and she told the riddle to the 16 children of her people.

18 And the omen of the city said unto him a bon the seventh day before the sun went down,

" What is sweeter than honey? And what is stronger than a lion?" And he said unto them,

° "If ye had not plowed with my heifer, Ye had not found out my riddle.

19 And 6 the Spirit of 4 the LORD came upon him, and he went down to Ashkelon, and slew thirty omen of them, and took their spoil, and gave change of garments unto them which expounded the riddle. And his anger was kindled, and he went up to his father's house.

20 But Samson's wife was given to his companion, whom he had used as ° his friend.

B Q1 d (p. 347)

 \boldsymbol{z}

15 But it came to pass within a while after, in the time of wheat harvest, that said, ""I will go in to my wife into the chamber." But her father would not suffer But her father would not suffer him to go in.

2 And her father said, "I verily thought that thou hadst utterly hated her; therefore I gave her to thy companion: is not her younger sister fairer than she? take her, I pray thee, instead of her."

3 And Samson said concerning them, WNow shall I be more blameless than the Philistines, though 3 do them a displeasure."

4 And Samson went and caught three hun-

dred °foxes, and took °firebrands, and turned tail to tail, and put a firebrand in the midst and he "went down and dwelt in the "top of $|Q^2|_{fh}$ between two tails.

12 I will = Let me.

sheets = linen wraps, or shirts.

14 Out of. Fig. Ænigma. Ap. 6.
15 seventh. The Sept. reads "fourth".
is it not so? The italics reveal the uncertainty of

A.V. Many codices read "hither", which yields better sense. Heb. text reads simply "not".

16 children = sons.

18 men. Heb. pl. of 'ĕnōsh. Ap. 14. III. What...? Fig. Anteisagogē. Ap. 6.

If. Fig. Paræmia. Ap. 6.

19 men. Heb. 'ish. Ap. 14. II.

20 his friend. This was strictly in accordance with the laws of Khammurabi, §§ 159, 163, 164.

15. 1-19 (B, p. 346). SLAUGHTER, IN LIFE. (Division.)

B | Q¹ | 1-8. First slaughter. Q2 | 9-19. Second slaughter.

1-8 (Q1, above). FIRST SLAUGHTER. (Alternation.)

 $Q^1 \mid d \mid 1, 2$. Wife refused.

e | 3-5. Retribution. Burning.

 $d \mid 6$. Wife burnt.

e | 7, 8-. Retribution. Slaughter.

1 kid = kid of the goats.

I will go in = Let me come in.

3 concerning = to.

Now = this once.

4 foxes = jackals. These go in packs, foxes go alone. firebrands = torches.

6 burnt her and her father. Some codices, with one early printed edition, Sept., and Syr., read "burned the house of her father".

7 this = like [this]: i.e. on this wise.

-8-19 (Q2, above). SECOND SLAUGHTER. (Alternation.)

 $Q^2 \mid f \mid -8-16$. Expected retaliation. g | 17. Meaning of place. Ramath-lehi. f | 18, 19-. Expected retaliation. Meaning of place. En-hakkore. $g \mid -19.$

-8-16 (f, above). EXPECTED RETALIATION. (Alternation.)

f | h | -8. Etam. Samson there.

i | 9. Philistines. Camp at Lehi. h | 10-13. Etam. Mission to Samson. i | 14-16. Philistines. Slaughter at Lehi.

8 went down. Some codices, with one early printed edition, and Syr., read "went". top = cleft.

5 And when he had set the brands on fire, he let them go into the standing corn of the Philistines, and burnt up both the shocks, and Samson visited his wife with a °kid; and he also the standing corn, with the vineyards and olives.

> 6 Then the Philistines said, "Who hath done this?" And they answered, "Samson, the son in law of the Timnite, because he had taken his wife, and given her to his companion." And the Philistines came up, and burnt her and her father with fire.

> 7 And Samson said unto them, "Though ye have done othis, yet will I be avenged of you, and after that I will cease."

8 And he smote them hip and thigh with a great slaughter:

the rock Etam.

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i

9 Then the Philistines went up, and opitched in Judah, and spread themselves in Lehi.

10 And the "men of Judah said, "Why are ye come up against us?" And they answered, "To bind Samson are we come up, to do to

him oas he hath done to us.'

11 Then three thousand men of Judah went to the 8 top of the rock Etam, and said to Samson, "Knowest thou not that the Philistines are rulers over us? what is this that thou hast done unto us?" And he said unto them, 10 "As they did unto me, so have I done unto them.

12 And they said unto him, "We are come down to bind thee, that we may deliver thee into the hand of the Philistines." And Samson said unto them, "Swear unto me, that ye will

not fall upon me yourselves.

13 And they spake unto him, saying, "No; but we will bind thee fast, and deliver thee into their hand: but surely we will not kill thee." And they bound him with two new cords, and brought him up from the rock.

14 And when he came unto Lehi, the Philistines shouted °against him: and ° the Spirit of othe LORD came mightily upon him, and the cords that were upon his arms became as flax that was burnt with fire, and his bands loosed from off his hands.

15 And he found a new 'jawbone of an ass, and put forth his hand, and took it, and slew a thousand 10 men therewith.

16 And Samson said,

° " With the jawbone of an ass, Heaps upon heaps, With the jaw of an ass Have I slain a thousand 10 men."

17 And it came to pass, when he had made an end of speaking, that he cast away the jawbone out of his hand, and called that place Ramath-lehi.

18 And he was sore athirst, and called on "the LORD, and said, "Thou hast given this great deliverance into the hand of Thy servant: and now shall I die for thirst, and fall into the hand of the uncircumcised?

19 But ° God ° clave an hollow place that was in the jaw, and there came water thereout; and when he had drunk, his o spirit came again,

and he revived:

wherefore he called the name thereof °Enhakkore, which is in Lehi unto this day.

20 And he judged Israel in the days of the Philistines o twenty years.

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 $A j^1 k$ (p. 348)

16 Then went Samson to there on harlot, and went in unto her. ° Then went Samson to ° Gaza, and saw

2 And it was told the Gazites, saying, "Samson is come hither." And they compassed him in, and laid wait for him all night in the gate of the city,

and were quiet all the night, saying, "In the morning, when it is day, we shall kill him."

3 And Samson lay till midnight, and arose at midnight, and otook the doors of the gate pieces of silver.'

9 pitched=camped. 10 men. Heb. 'ish. Ap. 14. II.

as = according as.

14 against = at meeting him, or to meet him.

the Spirit. Heb. rūach. Ap. 9. No art. here. the Lord. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II.

15 jawbone of an ass. One of the seven "weak"

things" in Judges. See note on 3, 21.

16 With. Note the alternation of four lines. Another pointing of the second line given in Sept. is, chāmōr chămartīm = "destroying I destroyed them", which by Fig. Polyptōton (Ap. 6) = I utterly destroyed them. There is also the Fig. Antanaclasis (Ap. 6) in the words chāmōr, "ass", and "destroyed".

17 Ramath-lehi = the uplifting of the jawbone.

19 God. Heb. Elohim. Ap. 4. I. Not Jehovah. A sign of distant or withdrawn relationship. In 13. 24, 25, and 14. 4, 6, we have Jehovah, but not again in Samson's history till he is humbled, 16. 20; then he prays to Jehovah, v. 28.

clave an hollow place that was in the jaw = clave open the hollow that is in Lehi.

spirit = courage. Heb. rūach. Ap. 9.

En-hakkore = the Caller's Fount. 20 twenty. See note on 13, 24.

16. 1-20 (A, p. 346). HARLOTS. (Division.)

| j¹ | 1-3. In Gaza. j² 4-20. In Sorek.

> 1-3 (j¹, above). IN GAZA. (Introversion.)

j' | k | 1. Samson. Harlot of Gaza.

 $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2-. \end{bmatrix}$ Information given. $\begin{bmatrix} l & -2. \end{bmatrix}$ Gazites.

k | 3. Samson. Gates of Gaza.

Gaza. About thirty-five miles south of his native place. an harlot. He could rend a lion, but not his lusts. He could break his bonds, but not his habits. He could conquer the Philistines, but not his passions. Now Ghuzzeh.

3 took the doors: i.e. unhinged both leaves. Cp. an hill = the hill. Isa. 45, 1.

before = over against.

4-20 (j², above). IN SOREK. (Introversion.)

j² m | 4. Samson. Gaza to Sorek.

n | 5. Delilah's bribe.

n | 6-20. Delilah's snares. m | 21-31-. Samson. Sorek to Gaza.

5 lords. See note on Josh. 13, 3,

afflict = humble.

eleven hundred. One of the two occurrences of this number. Eleven = the number of defective administration (=12-1. See Ap. 10). Cp. 17.2, where similar want of rule is seen. This 1,100 ruined them politically; the other (17, 2) ruined them religiously.

of the city, and the two posts, and went away with them, bar and all, and put them upon his shoulders, and carried them up to the top of ° an hill that is ° before Hebron.

4 And it came to pass afterward, that he j^2 m loved a woman in the valley of Sorek, whose name was Delilah.

5 And the °lords of the Philistines came up unto her, and said unto her, "Entice him, and see wherein his great strength lieth, and by what means we may prevail against him, that we may bind him to afflict him: and we will give thee every one of us 'eleven hundred

 $n o^1 p^1 q^1$ (p. 349) 1120 to 1100

 \mathbf{r}^1

6 And Delilah said to Samson, "Tell me, I pray thee, wherein thy great strength lieth, and wherewith thou mightest be bound to afflict thee."

7 And Samson said unto her, "If they bind me with seven ° green withs that were never dried, then shall I be weak, and be as another

8 Then the lords of the Philistines brought up to her seven green 7 withs which had not been dried, and she bound him with them.

9 Now there were men lying in wait, abiding with her in the chamber. And she said unto him, "The Philistines be upon thee, Samson." And he obrake the withs, as a thread of ° tow is broken when it ° toucheth the fire. So his strength was not known.

10 And Delilah said unto Samson, ° "Behold, thou hast mocked me, and told me lies: now tell me, I pray thee, wherewith thou mightest be bound."

11 And he said unto her, "If they bind me fast with new ropes that never were occupied, then shall I be weak, and be as another 7 man.

12 Delilah therefore took new ropes, and bound him therewith, and said unto him, "The Philistines be upon thee, Samson." And there were liers in wait abiding in the chamber.

And he 9 brake them from off his arms like a thread.

13 And Delilah said unto Samson, "Hitherto thou hast mocked me, and told me lies: "tell me wherewith thou mightest be bound.'

And he said unto her, "If thou weavest the seven locks of my head $^{\circ}$ with the web."

14 And she fastened it with the pin, and said unto him, "The Philistines be upon thee, Samson.

And he awaked out of his sleep, and went away with the pin of the beam, and with the

15 And she said unto him, "" How canst thou say, 'I love thee,' when thine heart is not with me? thou hast mocked me these three times, and hast not told me wherein thy great strength lieth.'

16 And it came to pass, when she pressed him daily with her words, and urged him, so that his 'soul was 'vexed 'unto death;

17 That he told her all his heart, and said unto her, "There hath not come a rasor upon mine head; for 3 have been a Nazarite unto ° God from my mother's womb: if I be shaven, then my strength will go from me, and I shall become weak, and be like any other 7 man.

18 And when Delilah saw that he had told her all his heart, she sent and called for the ⁵ lords of the Philistines, saying, "Come up this once, for he hath shewed me all his heart." Then the 5 lords of the Philistines came up unto her, and brought money in their hand.

19 And she made him sleep upon her knees; parted from him.

16. 6-20 (n, p. 348). DELILAH'S SNARES. (Division.)

 $n \mid 0^1 \mid 6-14$. Delilah's attempts. Failure. o² | 15-20. Delilah's attempts. Success.

> 6-14 (o¹, above). DELILAH'S FAILURE. (Repeated and Extended Alternation.)

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q1 | 6. Binding.
     r1 7. Means. Green withs.
         \mathbf{s}^1 \mid \mathbf{s}. Used. \mathbf{t}^1 \mid \mathbf{s}. Broken.
q<sup>2</sup> | 10. Binding.
     r2 | 11. Means. New ropes.
         s^2 \mid 12-. Used. t^2 \mid -12. Broken.
q3 | 13-. Binding.
     r3 | -13. Means. Web and pin.
         s<sup>3</sup> | 14-. Used.
t<sup>3</sup> | -14. Carried away.
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7 green withs = green twigs. Anglo-Saxon, a willow, because of its twining and flexibility.

man. Heb. 'ādām. Ap. 14. I. 9 brake = snapped.

as = according as.

tow. Old English. Coarse flax or hemp for spinning or twining. Occurs only here and Isa. 1. 31. Very inflammable.

toucheth = smelleth (before it toucheth).

10 Behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6.

13 tell me. Some codices, with one early printed edition, and Sept. add "I pray thee".

with the web. Note the Homeoteleuton. In the primitive text these words were probably followed by "and fasten them with a pin". For the Sept. adds

"I shall be as another man. And it came to pass that when he was asleep that Delilah took the seven locks of his head and wove them with the web, and she fastened them with a pin". Ginsburg suggests that some ancient scribe, in copying the first words, "fasten them with a pin", carried his eye back to these last words, and omitted the whole of this clause, which has been preserved in the Sept.

14 out of his sleep: i.e. the sleep mentioned in

the Hom xo teleuton above.

15-20 (o², above). DELILAH'S SUCCESS. (Introversion.)

o2 | u | 15-18. Strength. Secret given. $egin{array}{c|c|c} v & 19. & Sleeping. \\ \hline v & 20-. & Waking. \\ \hline u & -20. & Strength. & Secret gone. \\ \hline \end{array}$

15 How ...? Fig. Erotēsis. Ap. 6. 16 soul. Heb. nephesh. Ap. 13.

vexed. Became impatient, or grieved.

unto death = to make him die.

17 a Nazarite unto God = separate unto God. God. Heb. Elohim. Ap. 4. I.

19 man. Heb. 'ish. Ap. 14. II.
 20 wist not = knew not. See note on Ex. 34. 29.

the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II. Since 14. 6, only '*Ělohim*. See note on 15. 19.

and she called for a ° man, and she caused him to shave off the seven locks of his head; and she began to afflict him, and his strength went from him.

20 And she said, "The Philistines be upon thee, Samson." And he awoke out of his sleep, and said, "I will go out as at other times before, and shake myself."

And he "wist not that "the LORD was de-

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y

21 But the Philistines took him, and put out his eyes, and brought him down to Gaza, and bound him with ofetters of brass;

and he did ogrind in the prison house.

22 Howbeit the hair of his head began to grow again after he was shaven.

23 Then the 5 lords of the Philistines gathered them together for to offer a great sacrifice unto Dagon their god, and to rejoice: for they said, "Our god hath delivered Samson our enemy into our hand."

24 And when the people saw him, they praised their god: for they said, "Our god hath delivered into our hands our enemy, and the destroyer of our country, which slew many

25 And it came to pass, when their hearts were merry, that they said, "Call for Samson, that he may "make us sport." And they called for Samson out of the prison house; and he made othem sport: and they set him between the pillars.

26 And Samson said unto the lad that held him by the hand, "Suffer me that I may feel the pillars whereupon the house standeth, that

I may lean upon them."

27 Now the house was full of omen and women; and all the lords of the Philistines were there; and there were upon the roof about three thousand omen and women, that beheld while Samson made sport.

28 And Samson called unto 20 the LORD, and said, "O °Lord °GOD, remember me, I pray Thee, and strengthen me, I pray Thee, only this once, O ¹⁷ God, that I may be at once avenged of the Philistines for my two eyes."

29 And Samson took hold of of the two middle pillars upon which the house stood, and on which it was borne up, of the one with his right hand, and of the other with his left.

30 And Samson said, "Let "me die with the Philistines." And he bowed himself with all his might; and the house fell upon the lords, and upon all the people that were therein. So the dead which he slew at his death were more than they which he slew in his life.

31 Then 'his brethren and all the house of his father came down, and took him, and brought him 'up, and buried him between Zorah and Eshtaol in the buryingplace of Manoah his father.

And he 'judged Israel twenty years.

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w

17 And there was a °man of °mount Ephraim, whose name was Micah. (p. 350)

2 And he said unto his mother, "The eleven hundred shekels of silver that were otaken from thee, about which thou cursedst, and spakest of also in mine ears, behold, the silver is with me; stook it. And his mother said, "Blessed be thou of othe LORD, my son."

3 And when he had restored the eleven hundred shekels of silver to his mother, his image: now therefore I will restore it unto mother said, "I had "wholly dedicated the thee." silver unto 2 the LORD from my hand for my

21 fetters of brass. Heb. "two brasses". Put by Fig. Metonymy (of Cause), for the two fetters made of

brass. Ap. 6.
grind. The work of women and slaves. Denotes the condition to which he was reduced. Cp. Ex. 11. 5. Isa. 47. 2.

16. 21-31 (B, p. 346). SLAUGHTER IN DEATH. (Introversion.)

 $B \mid \mathbf{w} \mid 21$ -. Servitude. x | -21. Prison-house. Labour. y | 22. Hair growing. z | 23, 24. Festival. z | 25-27. Sport. y | 28. Strength restored. $x \mid 29, 30$. Prison-house. Destruction. w | 31-. Burial.

23 offer. Heb. "slay". See Ap. 43. I. v. to rejoice. Fig. Antimereia (of Noun). Ap. 6. Noun "rejoicing", put for verb "to rejoice" = for a rejoicing. 25 make us sport. Some codices, with one early printed edition, Sept., Syr., and Vulg., read "make sport before us".

them sport = sport before them.

26 Suffer me that = Let me alone that, &c.

27 men. Heb. 'īsh or 'ĕnōsh. Ap. 14.

28 Lord God = Adonai Jehovah. Ap.4.VIII(2) and II.
29 the two middle pillars. Recent excavations at Gaza have laid bare two smooth stone bases close together in the centre, on (not in) which these two pillars stood. On these the main beams rested, and by which the whole house was sustained. Samson had only to pull these pillars out of the perpendicular, to effect his object.

30 me = my soul. Heb. nephesh. Ap. 13.

31 his brethren. Probably his parents were now dead.

up: i.e. from Gaza, v. 21.

between Zorah and Eshtaol. Where the Spirit had first come upon him, 13. 25.

judged Israel. But he only began to deliver Israel. See 13. 5.

17. 1–18. 31 (C, p. 323). ISRAEL AND OTHER PEOPLES. AGGRESSIONS. (Division.)

A¹ 17. 1—18. 1—. The idolatry of Micah. A² 18. -1-31. Aggression of Danites.

17. 1—**18.** 1– (A¹, above). IDOLATRY OF MICAH. (Extended Alternation.)

A¹ | a | 17. 1-4. Micah's house. Fabrication of image. b | 17. 5. Consecration of his son. c | 17. 6. "No king". a | 17. 7-11. Micah's house. Arrival of Levite. b | 17. 12, 13. Consecration of Levite. "No king". c | 18. 1-.

1 man. Heb. 'īsh. Ap. 14. II.

mount = hill country of Ephraim, where Joshua dwelt and was buried (Josh. 24.30).

2 eleven hundred. See note on 16.5.

taken. Idolatry in Israel commenced with dishonesty.

behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6.

the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II. 3 wholly dedicated. Fig. Polyptoton (Ap. 6). Heb.

"dedicating I had dedicated it". 4 money = silver (v. 2).

4 Yet he restored the "money unto his son, to make a graven image and a molten mother; and his mother took two hundred

shekels of silver, and gave them to the founder, who made thereof 3 a graven image and a molten image: and they were in the house of Micah.

b (p. 350)

 \mathbf{c}

- 5 And the ¹ man Micah had an °house of gods, and made an °ephod, and teraphim, and consecrated one of his sons, who became 'his
- 6 In those days there was ono king in Israel, but 1 every man did that which was right in his

7 And there was ° a young man out of ° Bethlehem-judah of the family of Judah, who was a Levite, and he sojourned there.

8 And the man departed out of the city from ⁷Beth-lehem-judah ° to sojourn where he could find a place: and he came to 1 mount Ephraim to the house of Micah, as he journeyed.

9 And Micah said unto him, "Whence comest thou?" And he said unto him, "3 am a Levite of Beth-lehem-judah, and 3 go 8 to sojourn where I may find a place."

10 And Micah said unto him, "Dwell with

me, and be unto me a father and a priest, and 3 will give thee ten shekels of silver by the year, and a suit of apparel, and thy victuals.' So the Levite went in.

11 And the Levite was content to dwell with the 1 man; and 7 the young man was unto him

as one of his sons.

12 And Micah 5 consecrated the Levite; and 7 the young man became ° his priest, and was in the house of Micah.

13 Then said Micah, "Now know I that 2 the LORD will °do me good, seeing I have a Levite to my priest."

18 In othose days there was one king in Israel:

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and in those days the tribe of the Danites sought them an inheritance to dwell in; for unto that day all their inheritance had not fallen unto them among the tribes of Israel.

2 And the °children of Dan sent of their family five "men from their "coasts, "men of valour, from Zorah, and from Eshtaol, to spy out the land, and to search it; and they said unto them, "Go, search the land:" who when they came to omount Ephraim, to the house of Micah, they lodged there.

3 When then were by the house of Micah, then knew the voice of othe young man the Levite: and they turned in thither, and said unto him, "Who brought thee hither? and what "makest then in this place? and what hast thou here?

4 And he said unto them, "Thus and thus dealeth Micah with me, and hath hired me,

and I am his priest."

5 And they said unto him, "Ask counsel, we pray thee, of °God, that we may know whether our way which we go shall be prosperous."

6 And the priest said unto them, "Go in peace: before othe LORD is your way wherein

ye go.

7 Then the five 2 men departed, and came to is no want of any thing that is in the earth."

5 house of gods. The true house of God was neglected, and as hard to find as it is to-day (21. 19); and, when found, dancing was the prominent feature, not sacrifice or worship (21. 21-23).

ephod. In imitation of Aaron's. Ex. 25.7; 28.4.

consecrated. See note on Ex. 28. 41. Lev. 9. 17. his priest. Not Jehovah's, but "made with hands". 6 no king. First occurrence of four, see 18.1; 19.1; 21. 25. Two conform to the structure here; and two in chs. 19. 1, and 21. 25.

7 a young man. See note on 18. 30.

Beth-lehem-Judah. To distinguish it from Beth-le-

hem in Zebulun (Josh. 19. 15). 8 to sojourn. True worship neglected. Priests and Levites unemployed. Idolaters busy making idols and dancing.

12 his priest. Not Jehovah's; see on v. 5.
13 do me good. The "good" (as in all such cases) never came. For Micah is afterward robbed both of his idols and his priest.

18. -1-31 (A², p. 350). AGGRESSION OF DANITES. (Introversion and Alternation.)

| d | -1. Danites. Inheritance. e | f | 2-6. Mission of spies. $g \mid 7-10$. Security of Laish. $e \mid f \mid 11-26$. Expedition of Danites. $g \mid 27-29$. Conquest of Laish. d | 30, 31. Danites. Idolatry.

1 those days. Chs. 17-21 thought by some to record earlier events in the days of Othniel by Fig. Hysterēsis (Ap. 6). See note on 17. 1, and Structure.

no king. No true "house of God" religiously (17. 5), leads to "no king" nationally (18.1); and nationally to apostasy. See note on v. 6, above.

Danites. See note on Gen. 49. 17.

2 children = sons.

men. Heb. pl. of 'ĕnōsh. Ap. 14. III.

coasts = borders.

men of valour = sons of valour.

mount = hill country of.

3 the young man. Cp. 17. 7.

makest = doest.

5 Ask counsel. By the use of the ephod. See 17. 5. God. Heb. Elohim. Ap. 4. I. Not Jehovah. Ap. 4. II. 6 the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II.

7 Laish. Called Leshem. Josh. 19. 47.

quiet and secure. Probably arising from the enervating effects of malaria now endemic there. If so, it may be identified with Tel-el-kadi in the fever-ridden district at the head of the Jordan.

man = Heb. ' $\bar{a}d\bar{a}m.$ Ap. 14. I.

9 behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6.

Laish, and saw the people that were therein, how they dwelt careless, after the manner of the Zidonians, 'quiet and secure; and there was no magistrate in the land, that might put them to shame in any thing; and then were far from the Zidonians, and had no business

with any oman.

8 And they came unto their brethren to Zorah and Eshtaol: and their brethren said

unto them, "What say ne?"

9 And they said, "Arise, that we may go up against them: for we have seen the land, and, obehold, it is very good: and are pe still? be not slothful to go, and to enter to possess the land.

10 When ye go, ye shall come unto a people secure, and to a large land: for 5 God hath given it into your hands; a place where there

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11 And there went from thence of the family of the 'Danites, out of Zorah and out of Eshtaol, six hundred omen appointed with weapons of war.

12 And they went up, and pitched in Kirjathjearim, in Judah: wherefore they called that place ° Mahaneh-dan unto this day: 9 behold, it is behind Kirjath-jearim.

13 And they passed thence unto 2 mount Ephraim, and came unto the house of Micah.

14 Then answered the five 2 men that went to spy out the country of Laish, and said unto their brethren, ° "Do ye know that there is in these houses an ephod, and teraphim, and a graven image, and a molten image? now therefore consider what ye have to do.

15 And they turned thitherward, and came to the house of 3 the young man the Levite, even unto the house of Micah, and saluted

him.

16 And the six hundred 11 men 11 appointed with their weapons of war, which were of the ²children of Dan, stood by the entering of the

gate.

17 And the five 2 men that went to spy out the land went up, and came in thither, and took the graven image, and the ephod, and the teraphim, and the molten image: and the priest stood in the entering of the gate with the six hundred 11 men that were 11 appointed with weapons of war.

18 And these went into Micah's house, and fetched the carved image, othe ephod, and the teraphim, and the molten image. Then said the priest unto them, "What do ne?"

19 And they said unto him, "Hold thy peace, ° lay thine hand upon thy mouth, and go with us, and be to us a father and a priest: is it o better for thee to be a priest unto the house of one man, or that thou be a priest unto a tribe and a family in Israel?"

20 And the priest's heart was glad, and he took the ephod, °and the teraphim, and the graven image, and went in the midst of the

people.

21 So they turned and departed, and put the little ones and the cattle and the °carriage before them.

houses near to Micah's house were gathered together, and overtook the ² children of ¹ Dan. 23 And they cried unto the ² children of ¹Dan. And they turned their faces, and said unto Micah, "What aileth thee, "that thou comest

with such a company?"
24 And he said, "Ye have taken away my gods which I made, and the priest, and ye are gone away: and what have I more? and what is this that ye say unto me, 'What aileth thee?'

25 And the 2 children of 1 Dan said unto him, "Let not thy voice be heard among us, lest angry fellows run upon thee, and thou lose thy olife, with the olives of thy household."

26 And the ²children of ¹Dan went their way: and when Micah saw that they were too strong for him, he turned and went back unto his house.

18. 11-26 (f, p. 351). EXPEDITION OF DANITES. (Alternation.)

h | 11-13. Expedition.

i | 14-20. Interview with Levite.

 $h \mid 21$. Expedition.

i 22-26. Interview with Micah.

11 men. Heb. 'īsh. Ap. 14. II.

appointed = girded.

12 Mahaneh-dan = camp of Dan (13.25).

14 Do ye know...? Fig. Erotesis. Ap. 6.
18 the ephod. Sept. reads "and the ephod" Cp. v. 17. The Heb. text has "the carved image of

the ephod". 19 lay thine hand, &c. Put by Fig. Metonymy (of Adjunct) for "be silent". Ap. 6.

better. Man's priest soon gets promotion. 20 and. Note the Fig. Polysyndeton. Ap. 6.

Put by Fig. Metonymy (of 21 carriage = goods. Adjunct) for things carried.

23 that thou comest, &c. Heb. "that thou hast

called thyself out"

25 life = soul. Heb. nephesh. Ap. 13. lives = souls. Heb. nephesh. Ap. 13.

27 unto. Some codices, with one early printed edition, and Sept. read "as far as".

28 business = dealings.
29 after the name. Cp. Josh. 19.

30 set up. On account of this, Dan is not named in Rev. 7, and Ephraim is there merged in Joseph.

Manasseh. This word is one of the four that has a suspended letter. Here the letter (2), nun (n), is written partly in the line and partly above the line, to show that originally it formed no part of the word, but was put in to make it spell "Manasseh" instead of "Moses". Jonathan was the grandson of Moses (his contemporary Phinehas, the grandson of Aaron, being mentioned in 20. 28). This was done for two reasons (1) to spare the honour of Moses' memory and name; (2) to put the sin upon one who committed so gross a sin. The Talmud gives this latter as the reason. Jonathan's name is omitted in 1 Chron. 23. 16, 16, and 26. 24. The Chald. paraphrase says that "Shebuel", there substituted, is meant for Jonathan after his repentance and restoration. Shebuel = " he returned to God" The A.V. follows Sept. and Chald. by putting "Manasseh" in the text; R.V. follows Vulg., and those codices and early editions which have "n" suspended, by putting "Moses" in the text and "Manasseh" in the

27 And they took the things which Micah had 22 And when then were a good way from the made, and the priest which he had, and came house of Micah, the men that were in the unto Laish, unto a people that were at quiet and secure: and they smote them with the edge of the sword, and burnt the city with

> 28 And there was no deliverer, because it was far from Zidon, and they had no business with any man; and it was in the valley that lieth by Beth-rehob. And they built a city, and dwelt therein.

> 29 And they called the name of the city 1 Dan, ° after the name of 1 Dan their father, who was born unto Israel: howbeit the name of the city was Laish at the first.

> 30 And the children of Dan set up the graven image: and Jonathan, the son of Gershom, the son of Manasseh, he and his sons were priests to the tribe of Dan until the day of the captivity of the land. 31 And they 30 set them up Micah's graven

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image, which he made, all the time that othe house of ° God was in ° Shiloh.

BA (p. 353) 19 And it came to pass oin those days, when there was one king in Israel,

that there was °a certain Levite sojourning on the side of °mount Ephraim, who took to him a concubine out of Beth-lehem-judah.

2 And his concubine played the whore against him, and went away from him unto her father's house to Beth-lehem-judah, and was there

ofour whole months.

3 And her husband arose, and went after her, to speak ° friendly unto her, and to bring her again, having his servant with him, and a couple of asses: and she brought him into her father's house: and when the father of the damsel saw him, he rejoiced to meet him.

4 And his father in law, the damsel's father, retained him; and he abode with him three days: so they did eat and drink, and lodged

there.

5 And it came to pass on the fourth day, when they arose early in the morning, that he rose up to depart: and the damsel's father said unto his son in law, "Comfort thine heart with a morsel of bread, and afterward go your way.

6 And they sat down, and did eat and drink both of them together: for the damsel's father had said unto the "man, "Be content, I pray thee, and tarry all night, and let thine heart

be merry."

7 And when the 6 man rose up to depart, his father in law urged him: therefore he lodged

there again.

8 And he arose early in the morning on the fifth day to depart: and the damsel's father said, "Comfort thine heart, I pray thee." And they tarried until afternoon, and they did eat both of them.

9 And when the 6 man rose up to depart, he, and his concubine, and his servant, his father in law, the damsel's father, said unto him, "Behold, now the day draweth toward evening, I pray you tarry all night: behold, the day groweth to an end, lodge here, that thine heart may be merry; and to morrow house to lodging. get you early on your way, that thou mayest go home."

10 But the 6 man would not tarry that night, but he rose up and departed, and came over against ° Jebus, which is Jerusalem; and there were with him two asses saddled, his concubine also was with him.

11 And when then were by 10 Jebus, the day was far spent; and the servant said unto his master, "Come, I pray thee, and let us turn in into this city of the Jebusites, and lodge in it."

not turn aside hither into the city of a stranger, that is not of the °children of Israel: we will pass over to ° Gibeah.'

13 And he said unto his servant, "Come, and let us draw near to one of these places to lodge all night, in Gibeah, or in Ramah."

14 And they passed on and went their way; and the sun went down upon them when they were by Gibeah, which belongeth to Benjamin.

31 the house of God: i.e. the Tabernacle of Moses, but not recognised as the house of Jehovah, the Covenant God.

God. Heb. hā-'Ĕlohim = the [true] God. Ap. 4. Shiloh. First of five occurrences in Judges, cp. 21. 12, 19, 21, 21. For the eight occurrences in Joshua see note on Josh. 18. 1.

19, 1-21, 25 (B, p. 323). INTERNAL DISORDERS. (Introversion and Alternation.)

| A | 19. 1-. "No king". | B | C | 19. -1-28. The Provocation. | D | 19. 29-20. 11. Resentment. | B | C | 20. 12-46. The civil war. $D \mid 20.47-21.24$, The Regret. A | 21.25. "No king".

19. -1-28 (C, above). THE PROVOCATION. (Alternation.)

a | -1-9. At father-in-law's house. b | 10-15. Journey. a | 16-26. At old man's house. b | 27, 28. Journey.

1 in those days. In the same days as ch. 18. 1. Soon after the death of Joshua. Fig. Hysterologia. Ap. 6.

no king. See note on 18.1.

a certain Levite. The house of God neglected. Priests and Levites unemployed and wandering about. Cp. 17. 7. mount = the hill country of.

2 four whole months. Heb. "days, four months", so some think = "a year and four months".

3 friendly. Heb. "to her heart" = affectionately.

6 man. Heb. ish. Ap. 14. II.

9 Behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. 10 Jebus. At that time still occupied by Canaanites.

See Josh. 10.1; 15.63. 12 children = sons. Gibeah. City of Benjamin; later, the residence of Saul (1 Sam. 10, 26; 11, 4).

15 street = open place.

16 men. Heb. 'enōsh. Ap. 14. III.

His direction was towards mount 18 going. Ephraim, not to Shiloh!

the house of the Lord. So Micah's temple was already called. Cp. 18. 31.

the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II.

19 servants. Some codices, with three early printed editions, Aram., and Syr., read "servant" (Singular).

15 And they turned aside thither, to go in and to lodge in Gibeah: and when he went in, he sat him down in a 'street of the city: for there was no 6 man that took them into his

16 And, 9 behold, there came an old 6 man | from his work out of the field at even, which was also of mount Ephraim; and he sojourned in Gibeah: but the omen of the place were Benjamites.

17 And when he had lifted up his eyes, he saw a wayfaring 6 man in the street of the city: and the old 6 man said, "Whither goest thou?

and whence comest thou?'

18 And he said unto him, " We are passing from Beth-lehem-jueth toward the side of 12 And his master said unto him, "We will mount Ephraim; from thence am 3: and I went to Beth-lehem-judah, but 3 am now going to othe house of the LORD; and there is no 6 man that receiveth me to house.

19 Yet there is both straw and provender for our asses; and there is bread and wine also for me, and for thy handmaid, and for the young man which is with thy 'servants: there is no want of any thing.

20 And the old 6 man said, "Peace be with

28 an = the.

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thee; howsoever let all thy wants lie upon me; only lodge not in the street."

21 So he brought him into his house, and gave provender unto the asses: and they washed their feet, and did eat and drink.

22 Now as they were making their hearts merry, 9 behold, the 16 men of the city, certain 9 sons of Belial, beset the house round about, and beat at the odoor, and spake to the master of the house, the old 6 man, saying, "Bring forth the 16 man that came into thine house, that we may know him.'

23 And othe man, the master of the house, went out unto them, and said unto them, "Nay, my brethren, nay, I pray you, do not so ° wickedly; seeing that this 6 man is come

into mine house, do not this folly.

24 Behold, here is my daughter a maiden, and his concubine; them I will bring out now, and humble ye them, and do with them what seemeth good unto you: but unto this 6 man do not so vile a thing.

25 But the 16 men would not hearken to him: so the 6 man took his concubine, and brought her forth unto them; and they knew her, and abused her all the night until the morning: and when the day began to spring, they let

her go.
26 Then came the woman in the dawning of the day, and fell down at the odoor of the man's house where her lord was, till it was light.

27 And her lord rose up in the morning, and opened the doors of the house, and went out to go his way: and, 24 behold, the woman his concubine was fallen down at the door of the house, and her hands were upon the threshold.

28 And he said unto her, "Up, and let us be going." But none answered. Then the man took her up upon oan ass, and the man rose up,

and gat him unto his place.

29 And when he was come into his house, (p. 354) he took a knife, and laid hold on his concubine. and divided her, together with her bones, into twelve pieces, and sent her into all the ° coasts of Israel.

> 30 And it was so, that all that saw it said, "There was one such deed done nor seen from the day that the 12 children of Israel came up out of the land of Egypt unto this day: consider of it, take advice, and speak your minds."

> 20 °Then all the °children of Israel went out, and the congregation was gathered together °as one °man, from Dan even to ° Then all the ° children of Israel went Beer-sheba, with the land of Gilead, unto othe LORD in Mizpeh.

> 2 And the chief of all the people, even of all the tribes of Israel, presented themselves in the assembly of the people of °God, four hundred thousand footmen that drew sword.

> 3 (°Now the ¹children of Benjamin heard that the ¹children of Israel were gone up to °Mizpeh.) Then said the ¹children of Israel, "Tell us, how was this °wickedness?"

4 And ° the Levite, the husband of the woman that was slain, answered and said, "I came into Gibeah that belongeth to Benjamin, 3 and my concubine, to lodge.

22 sons of Belial = worthless scoundrels, sons of the

door. Like Sodom (Gen. 19.4), a sign of the moral corruption which follows apostasy and accompanies

23 the man. Another Lot in another Sodom.

wickedly. Heb. rā'a'. Ap. 44. viii. 24 Behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6.

26 door = entrance.

19. 29-20. 11 (D, p. 353). RESENTMENT. (Alternation.)

D | c | 19. 29, 30. Message to tribes. d | 20. 1-3. Unanimity. c | 20. 4-7. Recital to tribes. d | 20. 8-11. Unanimity.

29 coasts = borders.

30 no such deed done. "The days of Gibeah" became proverbial. Cp. Hos. 9. 9; 10. 9.

20. 1 Then. These chapters (20, 21), by Fig. Hysterologia (Ap. 6), describe events which took place soon after Joshua's death. See notes on 18. 1 and 19. 1. children = sons.

as one man. All this excitement, unanimity, and bloodshed about an injury done to a woman; no sense of the evil of idolatry and sin against God, recorded in ch. 19. man. Heb. 'ish. Ap. 14. II. the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II.

2 God. Heb. hā-'Ĕlohim=the [true] God. Ap. 14.

See note on 18. 31. 3 Now. Note the Fig. Parenthesis in this verse. Ap. 6. Mizpeh on the south-west border of Benjamin, not Mizpeh on the east of Jordan (10.17; 11.11, 29).

wickedness. Heb. $r\bar{a}'a'$. Ap. 44. viii. 4 the Levite. Heb. = "the man, the Levite".

5 men = masters or head-men.

7 Behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. 10 men. Heb. 'ĕnōsh. Ap. 14. III.

11 men. Heb. 'ish. Ap. 14. II.

12-46 [For Structures see next page].

5 And the omen of Gibeah rose against me, and beset the house round about upon me by night, and thought to have slain mt: and my concubine have they forced, that she is dead.

6 And I took my concubine, and cut her in pieces, and sent her throughout all the country of the inheritance of Israel: for they have committed lewdness and folly in Israel.

7 ° Behold, ye are all 1 children of Israel; give here your advice and counsel."

8 And all the people arose as one 1 man, saying, "We will not any of us go to his tent, neither will we any of us turn into his

9 But now this shall be the thing which we will do to Gibeah; we will go up by lot against

10 And we will take ten ° men of an hundred throughout all the tribes of Israel, and an hundred of a thousand, and a thousand out of ten thousand, to fetch victual for the People, that they may do, when they come to Gibeah of Benjamin, according to all the folly that they have wrought in Israel."

11 So all the omen of Israel were gathered against the city, knit together as one man.

12 And the tribes of Israel sent 10 men through all the tribe of Benjamin, saying, "What 3 wickedness is this that is done among you?

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(p. 355) 1423 to 1383

13 Now therefore deliver us the 10 men, the ¹children of Belial, which are in Gibeah, that we may put them to death, and put away evil from Israel."

But the 1 children of Benjamin would not hearken to the voice of their brethren the 1 children of Israel:

14 But the ¹children of Benjamin gathered themselves together out of the cities unto Gibeah, to go out to battle against the 1 children of Israel.

15 And the 1 children of Benjamin were numbered at that time out of the cities twenty and six thousand omen that drew sword, beside the inhabitants of Gibeah, which were numbered seven hundred chosen ° men.

16 Among all this people there were seven hundred chosen men 'lefthanded; every one could sling stones at an °hair °breadth, and not ° miss.

17 And the 15 men of Israel, beside Benjamin, were numbered four hundred thousand men that drew sword: all these were men of war.

 $E G^1 g i$

18 And the 1 children of Israel arose, and went up to the house of °God, and asked counsel of ° God, and said, "Which of us shall go up first to the battle against the 1 children of Benjamin?" And the LORD said, "Judah shall go up first."

19 And the ¹children of Israel rose up in the morning, and encamped against Gibeah.

20 And the men of Israel went out to battle against Benjamin; and the men of Israel put themselves in array to fight against them at Gibeah.

21 And the 1 children of Benjamin came forth out of Gibeah, and destroyed down to the ground of the Israelites that day twenty and two thousand men.

22 And the People the 15 men of Israel encouraged themselves, and set their battle again in array in the place where they put themselves in array the first day.

23 (° And the 1 children of Israel went up and wept ° before 1 the LORD until even, and ° asked counsel of the LORD, saying, "Shall I go up again to battle against the children of Benjamin my brother?" And 1 the LORD said, "Go up against him.")

24 And the 1 children of Israel came near against the 1 children of Benjamin the second day.

25 And Benjamin went forth against them out of Gibeah the second day, and destroyed down to the ground of the 1 children of Israel again eighteen thousand men; all these drew the sword.

G2 H1 26 Then all the 1 children of Israel, and all the People, went up, and came unto othe house of 18 God, and wept, and sat there before 1 the LORD, and fasted that day until even, and offered burnt offerings and peace offerings before 1 the LORD.

27 And the 1 children of Israel enquired of Gibeah, as at other times.

20. 12-46 (C, p. 353). THE CIVIL WAR. (Introversion.)

E | 12-14. Negotiations. F | 15, 16. Army of Benjamites. F | 17. Army of Israelites. E | 18-46. Hostilities.

> 12-14 (E, above). NEGOTIATIONS. (Introversion.)

E | e | 12. Expostulation. f | 13-. Requisition. f -13. Refusal. e | 14. Preparation.

15 men. Heb. 'īsh. Ap. 14. II.
16 lefthanded. Heb. lame, or bound, in his right

hair breadth = a hair. No Ellipsis, omit "breadth". miss. Heb. chātā'. See Ap. 44. i.

> 18-46 (E, above). HOSTILITIES. (Division.)

 $E \mid G^1 \mid$ 18-25. Unsuccessful. G² 26-46. Successful.

> 18-25 (G1, above). UNSUCCESSFUL. (Alternation and Introversion.)

g | i | 18. Inquiry. k | 19, 20. Array. h | 21. Slain of Israel (22,000). k | 22. Array. *i* | 23. Inquiry. *h* | 24, 25. Slain of Israel (18,000).

18 God. Heb. Elohim. Ap. 4. 23 And. Note the Fig. Parenthesis. Ap. 6. before the Lord. At Shiloh (18. 31).

asked counsel. By Phinehas, with Urim and Thummim. Cp. v. 28, and see notes on Ex. 28. 30. Num. 26. 55.

> 26-46 (G², above). SUCCESSFUL. (Division.)

 $G^2 \mid H^1 \mid _{26-28}$. Promise. $H^2 \mid _{29-46}$. Fulfilment.

26 the house of God. Not to be rendered "Beth-el" as in Sept., Syr., &c.; for the house of God was in Shiloh (18. 31), also the camp of Israel (21. 12).

offered = offered up. See Ap. 43. I. vi. 28 Phinehas. The grandson of Aaron, the contemporary of Jonathan the grandson of Moses (18. 30). This is the only mention of the high priest throughout the book.

Aaron. Some codices, with Syr., add "the priest".

29-46 [For Structures see next page].

1 the LORD, (for the ark of the covenant of 26 God was there in those days,

28 And 'Phinehas, the son of Eleazar, the son of 'Aaron, stood before it in those days,) saying, "Shall I yet again go out to battle against the 1 children of Benjamin my brother, or shall I cease?" And 1 the LORD said, "Go up; for to morrow I will deliver them into thine hand.'

29 And Israel set liers in wait round about Gibeah.

30 And the 1 children of Israel went up against the 1children of Benjamin on the third day, and put themselves in array against

 H^2J1 (p. 356)

(p. 356)

31 And the 1 children of Benjamin went out against the People, and were drawn away from the city; and they began to smite of the 1423People, and kill, as at other times, in the high-1383 ways, of which one goeth up to othe house of 18 God, and the other to Gibeah in the field, about thirty 15 men of Israel.

32 And the children of Benjamin said, "They are smitten down before us, as at the first."

But the 1 children of Israel said, "Let us flee, and draw them from the city unto the highways."

33 And all the 15 men of Israel rose up out of their place, and put themselves in array at Baal-tamar:

and the liers in wait of Israel came forth out of their places, even out of the "meadows of Gibeah.

34 And there came against Gibeah ten thousand chosen 15 men out of all Israel, and the battle was sore:

but they knew not that 'evil was near them.

35 And 1 the LORD smote Benjamin before Israel: and the 1 children of Israel destroyed of the Benjamites that day twenty and five thousand and an hundred 15 men: all these drew the sword.

36 So the 1 children of Benjamin saw that they were smitten: for the 15 men of Israel gave place to the Benjamites, because they 'trusted unto the liers in wait which they had set beside Gibeah.

37 And the liers in wait hasted, and rushed upon Gibeah; and the liers in wait odrew themselves along, and smote all the city with the edge of the sword.

38 Now there was an appointed sign between J r the 15 men of Israel and the liers in wait, that they should make a great flame with smoke rise up out of the city.

39 And when the 15 men of Israel retired in the battle, Benjamin began to smite and kill of the 15 men of Israel about thirty persons: for they said, "Surely they are smitten down before us, as in the first battle.'

40 But when the flame began to arise up out of the city with a pillar of smoke, the Benjamites looked behind them, and, obehold, the flame of othe city ascended up to heaven.

41 And when the 15 men of Israel turned again, the 15 men of Benjamin were amazed: for they saw that 34 evil was come upon them.

42 Therefore they turned their backs before the 15 men of Israel unto the way of the wilderness; but the battle overtook them;

and them which came out of the cities they destroyed in the midst of them.

43 Thus they inclosed the Benjamites round about, and chased them, and trode them down with ease °over against Gibeah toward the sunrising.

there fell of Benjamin eighteen **44** And thousand 15 men; all these were 15 men of valour.

20. 29-46 (H², p. 355). FULFILMENT. (Alternation.)

H² | J | 29-33. Ambuscade. K | 34-37. Defeat. J 38-41. Ambuscade. K | 42-46. Defeat.

> 29-33 (J, above). AMBUSCADE. (Introversion.)

| I | 29. Ambuscade. m | 30. Array. n | 31, 32-. Slain of Israel (thirty). $m \mid -32, 33$. Pretended flight. $l \mid -33$. Ambuscade.

31 the house of God = Beth-el. Here it denotes Bethel. One of the three cities mentioned.

33 meadows. Probably = forest.

34-37 (K, above). DEFEAT. (Introversion.)

K | o | 34-. Attack by ambuscade. p | -34. Danger unknown. q | 35. Slain of Benjamites (25,000). p | 36. Danger known. o 37. Attack by ambuscade.

34 evil. Heb. rā'a'. Ap. 44. viii. 36 trusted. Confided or placed hope in.

bāṭaḥ. Ap. 69. I.

37 drew themselves along = marched forward.

38-41 (J, above). AMBUSCADE. (Alternation.)

r | 38. Signal arranged. s | 39. Slain of Israel. r | 40. Signal given. 8 | 41. Amazement of Benjamites. 40 behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6.

the city = the whole city, or the holocaust of the

42-46 (K, above). DEFEAT. (Alternation.)

K | t | 42-. Flight. u | -42-44. Slain of Benjamites. t | 45-. Flight. u | -45, 46. Slain of Benjamites.

43 over against = as far as over against.

47-21. 24 (*D*, p. 353). REGRET. (Alternation and Introversion.)

 $D \mid \mathbf{v} \mid 20$. 47. The 600 fugitives (Rimmon). w | x | 20. 48. Destruction of others. y | 21. 1-12. First expedient. $v \mid 21$. 13-15. The 600 fugitives (Rimmon). y | 21. 16-23-. Second expedient. wx | 21. -23, 24. Reparation.

47 six hundred. Cp. 21. 13.

45 And they turned and fled toward the twilderness unto the rock of Rimmon:

and they gleaned of them in the highways five thousand 15 men; and pursued hard after them unto Gidom, and slew two thousand 15 men of them.

46 So that all which fell that day of Benjamin were twenty and five thousand 15 men that drew the sword; all these were 15 men of valour.

47 But ° six hundred 15 men turned and fled to D v the wilderness unto the rock Rimmon, and abode in the rock Rimmon four months.

48 And the 15 men of Israel turned again wx

upon the 1 children of Benjamin, and smote them with the edge of the sword, as well othe men of every city, as the beast, and all that came to hand: also they set on fire all the cities that they came to.

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Now the "men of Israel "had sworn in 21 Mizpeh, saying, "There shall not any of us give his daughter unto Benjamin to wife.'

2 And the people came to othe house of ° God, and abode there till even before ° God,

and lifted up their voices, and "wept sore; 3 And said, "O "LORD God of Israel, why is this come to pass in Israel, that there should be to day one tribe lacking in Israel?

4 And it came to pass on the morrow, that the People rose early, and built there an altar, and offered burnt offerings and peace offerings.

5 And the °children of Israel said, "Who is there among all the tribes of Israel that came not up with the °congregation unto ³the LORD?" For they had made a great oath concerning him that came not up to 3 the LORD to Mizpeh, saying, "He shall surely be put to

6 And the 5 children of Israel repented them for Benjamin their brother, and said, "There is one tribe cut off from Israel this day.

7 How shall we do for wives for them that remain, seeing we have sworn by 3the LORD that we will not give them of our daughters to

8 And they said, "What one is there of the tribes of Israel that came not up to Mizpeh to the LORD?" And, behold, there came none to the camp from Jabesh-gilead to the assembly.

9 For the People were numbered, and, 8 behold, there were none of the inhabitants of

Jabesh-gilead there.

10 And the congregation sent thither twelve thousand 1 men of the valiantest, and commanded them, saying, "Go and smite the inhabitants of Jabesh-gilead with the edge of the sword, with the women and the children.

11 And this is the thing that ye shall do, Ye shall utterly destroy every male, and every woman that hath lain by oman.'

12 And they found among the inhabitants of Jabesh-gilead four hundred 'young 'virgins, that had known no man by lying with any male: and they brought them unto the camp to Shiloh, which is in the land of Canaan.

13 And the whole congregation sent some to speak to the 1 children of Benjamin that were in the rock Rimmon, and to ° call peaceably unto them.

14 And Benjamin came again at that time; and they gave them wives which they had saved alive of the women of Jabesh-gilead: and yet so they sufficed them not.

15 And the People repented them for Benjamin, because that 3 the LORD had made a breach in the tribes of Israel.

16 Then the elders of the congregation said,

48 the men = every one.

21. 1-12 (y, p. 356). FIRST EXPEDIENT. (Alternation and Introversion.)

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| z | b | 1. Oath.
      c | 2-4. Sorrow.
        a | 5. Absentees. Inquiry.
      c \mid 6. Sorrow.
  | b | 7. Oath.
        a | 8-12. Absentees. Punishment.
```

1 men. Heb. 'ish. Ap. 14. II.

had sworn: i. e. before the fighting of ch. 20.

2 the house of God. Probably Shiloh, ep. v. 12 and 18. 31.

God. Heb. hā-'Ĕlohim, "the [true] God". Ap. 4. I. wept sore. Fig. Polyptoton (Ap. 6), "wept a great weeping". See note on Gen. 26. 28. Benjamin is indeed, now, "a son of sorrow" (Ben-oni, a son of sorrow, Gen. 35. 18).

3 LORD God = Jehovah Elohim. Ap. 4. I, II.

4 offered. Heb. 'ālāh, Ap. 43. I. vi.

5 children = sons.

congregation = military assembly.

8 behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6.

10 children = little children. Heb. taph. Cp. 13. 5.

11 man = male. Heb. $z\bar{a}k\bar{a}r$.

12 young virgins. Heb. young women, virgins. virgins. Heb. bethūlāh. Shiloh. See note on 18. 31.

13 call peaceably = proclaim peace.

16-23-(y, p. 356). SECOND EXPEDIENT. (Division and Introversions.)

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d1 | e | 16, 17. Deficiency. Inquiry.
y
            f | 18. Prevention.
         e | 19. Deficiency. Supply.
    d^2 \mid g \mid 20, 21. Advice given.
h | 22. Conciliation.
        g \mid 23-. Advice taken.
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19 a feast of the LORD. Some codices, with two early printed editions, read "a feast to Jehovah".

yearly. The three feasts had come down to one. Apostasy was the cause of all their internal disorders. north side, &c. Shiloh and the house of Jehovah were so neglected that these minute instructions were necessary to enable an Israelite to find it. We have the same difficulty to-day; and when we find it we too often find, not the sacrifice of praise and thanksgiving, but what answers to that which we find in v. 21.

Lebonah. A.V. 1611 reads "Lebanon" by an error. Modern "Lubban", about 32 miles north-west of Shiloh.

"How shall we do for wives for them that remain, seeing the women are destroyed out of Benjamin?

17 And they said, "There must be an inheritance for them that be escaped of Benjamin, that a tribe be not destroyed out of Israel.

18 Howbeit we may not give them wives of our daughters: for the 5 children of Israel have sworn, saying, 'Cursed be he that giveth a wife to Benjamin.'

19 Then they said, 8" Behold, there is a feast of 3 the LORD in 12 Shiloh o yearly in a place which is on the onorth side of Beth-el, on the east side of the highway that goeth up from Beth-el to Shechem, and on the south of ° Lebonah."

20 Therefore they commanded the 5 children | d² g

g

of Benjamin, saying, "Go and lie in wait in the vineyards;

21 And see, and, 8 behold, if the daughters of 12 Shiloh come out to ° dance in dances, then come ye out of the vineyards, and catch you every oman his wife of the daughters of 12 Shiloh, and go to the land of Benjamin.

22 And it shall be, when their fathers or their brethren come unto us to complain, that we will say unto them, 'Be favourable unto them for our sakes: because we reserved not to each man his wife in the war: for pe did not give unto them oat this time, that ye should be guilty."

took them wives, according to their number, of them that danced, whom they caught:

them.

21 dance in dances. This is what "religion" had come to in those days of apostasy, by which we must judge it.

man. Heb. 'īsh. Ap. 14. II.

22 at this time, &c.: i.e. "at the time when ye would have incurred guilt [by so doing]".

23 repaired = rebuilt, or built up.

25 no king. Note the structural arrangement of the four occurrences of this expression. See note on 18. 1.

did = did continually. This is the Divine summing up of the whole book, by way of Epilogue. All the evil follows as the result of the disobedience in 1. 27-36.

24 And the ⁵children of Israel departed 23 And the 5 children of Benjamin did so, and thence at that time, 21 every man to his tribe and to his family, and they went out from thence 21 every man to his inheritance.

and they went and returned unto their inherit- 25 In those days there was one king in ance, and orepaired the cities, and dwelt in Israel: 21 every man odd that which was right in his own eyes.